

The Columbian.

VOL 27.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892.

NO. 28

TROOPS CALLED OUT.

The State Militia

Proceed to Homestead.

Governor Pattison Orders the Entire Division of Pennsylvania's National Guard to the Test of War in Allegheny Co.

Over 8,000 Men in Line.

The entire division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania was Sunday night ordered out for duty by Governor Pattison. Early in the evening the governor received the following message from Sheriff McCleary:

PITTSBURG, Penna., July 10th, 1892.—To Robert E. Pattison, Governor, Harrisburg, Penna.: The situation at Homestead is not improved. While all is quiet there, the strikers are in control and openly express to me and to the public their determination that the works shall not be operated unless by themselves. After making all efforts in my power, I have failed to secure a posse respectable enough in numbers to do anything, and I am satisfied that no posse raised by civil authorities can do anything to change the condition of affairs, and that any attempt by an inadequate force to restore the right of law will only result in further armed resistance and consequent loss of life. Only a large military force will enable me to control matters. I believe if such force is sent the disorderly element will be overawed and order will be restored. I, therefore, call upon you to furnish me such assistance.

WILLIAM H. MCCLEARY, Sheriff.

Immediately on receipt of this message the governor summoned to the executive mansion Adjutant General Greenland, who arrived from Pittsburgh on Keystone express, Major General George R. Snowden, who came to the city on Limited express from his home in Philadelphia, and Quartermaster General O. E. McClellan. After a brief conference the governor issued the following order:

HARRISBURG, July 10, 1892.—William H. McCleary, Sheriff of Allegheny County, Pittsburgh, Penna.: Have ordered Major General George R. Snowden with division of National Guard of Pennsylvania to your support at once. Put yourself in communication with him. Communicate with me further particulars.

ROBERT E. PATTISON, Governor.

The governor supplemented this order with the following message to Sheriff McCleary:

HARRISBURG, July 10.—George R. Snowden, Major General Commanding, N. G. P.: Put the division under arms and move at once to the support of the sheriff of Allegheny county at Homestead. Maintain the peace, protect all persons in their rights under the constitution and laws of the State. Communicate with me.

ROBERT E. PATTISON, Governor.

Sunday night Major General Snowden issued the following order to Brigadier General Robert P. Dechart, of Philadelphia, commanding the First brigade:

In compliance with orders from the commander-in-chief you will concentrate your command in camp at Mt. Gretna by to-morrow (Monday) afternoon, and there await further orders. Battery horses. Take with you three days' rations and all ammunition on hand. First troop, mounted, will move on first train available on Pennsylvania railroad bound west.

An order was issued to General John A. Wiley, of Franklin, commander of the Second brigade, to concentrate his command at a point Major General Snowden refused to make public, presumably Homestead, and there await further orders.

The Third brigade, was ordered to concentrate at Lewistown and move westward. Adjutant General Greenland's room at Miss Ross' private lodging house, on North Market square, was transformed into the headquarters of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. General Greenland, Major General Snowden, Major Evans, General O. E. McClellan, Sergeant Major Worman, of the governor's staff, and other military officials were there with a corps of clerks issuing orders to the commanders of the various brigades and making preparations for mobilizing the troops.

The troops were all ordered to take with them three days' rations, but this does not necessarily imply that they will only be on duty for that period. General Snowden said that this was done so that they would have enough rations while on their way to the places where they have been ordered to concentrate.

The order of the governor to General Snowden ordering out the entire division of the state guard means that over 8,000 men will be on duty ready to obey the command of General Snowden. This embraces every regiment, battery and cavalry company.

ANOTHER NORMAL SCHOOL.

A number of Scranton's leading citizens are interested in a scheme to locate a State Normal School in that City. It is stated that it will be necessary to raise about \$100,000 by subscription in order to bring about this result. This money will be divided into 1,000 shares of \$100 each, and every person who secures a share of stock will have a voice in the management of the institution.

THE SCENE OF STRIFE.

THE MEN ARE ORDERLY YET.

THE OPINION SEEMS GENERAL THAT THERE WILL BE NO BLOOD SHED.

HOMESTEAD, July 12.—The troops began to arrive here at 9.45 o'clock this morning. As soon as the line was formed with the Second brigade in advance the march to the hills where the works were located was started.

The people of Homestead had several bands of music out and there was the best of feeling manifested over the arrival of the soldiers. Arriving at the Carnegie works the soldiers immediately surrounded the mills and mounted guards were placed around them. The strikers gave the guards a most friendly reception. The troops now at the mills include Colonel Coryell, the Williamsport soldiers and all of the members of the Twelfth Regiment.

The Third brigade was first ordered together at Blairsville but went to Greensburg and proceeded in cars with the others to Homestead. Several newspaper correspondents were made prisoners in the cars last night so that they could not announce the movements of the troops.

It is the general opinion that the plan of campaign is to install non-union men in the mills and start them up a few hours after the soldiers are in charge.

Mr. Frick said in Pittsburgh this afternoon that he would put in new men and attempt to start the mills up within twenty-four hours after the possession of the plant was secured to him by the military. Of course he will have the support of the troops in that effort, for such is the real purpose of calling them out. Probably the leaders of the strikers understand this, but they dare not let the mass of the workmen know it. There would be deadly work if they did know it. It would be hard work to prevent the carrying out of their freely-uttered threats to use dynamite if all other resources failed.

TALK OF USING DYNAMITE.

It is undoubtedly true that the men have provided themselves with great quantities of nitro-glycerine, dynamite and other explosives, and there are plenty of desperate ones among them who would not scruple to blow the whole \$5,000,000 plant sky high if they thought nothing else would prevent its falling into non-union hands.

So the Carnegie people and others who understand the situation have apprehensions for the next few hours after the troops are in actual possession the danger will not be so great, through safety will then be gained only at the price of extraordinary vigilance. The strikers have canvassed the situation thoroughly as regarding the possible use of explosives. They say there is a dry sewer almost large enough to walk in which runs from the river to the very heart of the works and that if properly charged the whole plant could be destroyed in a moment.

HOMESTEAD, July 12th.—The white wings of peace were hovering over the city last night and there is not an unpleasant indication to mar the serenity of the iron regions. The militia is to be received with open arms by the mill workers, and special police, one hundred strong, have been selected from the ranks of the strikers to see that no indignity is offered to the uniformed representatives of the State by any of the injudicious or hot-headed workmen. The efficacy of this policy was demonstrated within half an hour after the adjournment of the mass meeting yesterday afternoon by the arrest and escort to the lockup of an intemperate striker who questioned the wisdom of receiving the militia as friends and brothers and killing the fatted calf to their honor. The power of organization was never better exemplified than in the graceful unanimity with which the iron workers yesterday afternoon accepted the suggestions of their leaders and decided that the troops should be received as friends and not as foes, and that in contrast with the reception to the hated Pinkertons the militia should be welcomed by the triumphant blast of trumpets and the music of the bands.

A MASS MEETING HELD.

To all but the pessimist, the conclusion is irresistible that the crisis is past and that Homestead will know hostilities no more so long as the military of the State is on the ground and there is no attempt to smuggle the Pinkertons into the works. Most people have concluded that the Pinkertons have satiated their warlike spirit and are not likely to provoke further bloodshed by attempting to occupy the works. Indeed, the strikers regard the advent of the troops as the surest indication

that the private militia of capital will invade Homestead no more, and much of the success of to-day's meeting was due to the belief that the State militia was ordered to Homestead as much to prevent the bloodshed that another visit of the Pinkertons would provoke as to preserve order in the region.

The mass meeting at Homestead yesterday afternoon was a most significant one and its developments were awaited with intense interest by the citizens on the outside. The meeting was attended by about 5,000 people and in this number was about every one of the number who shouldered a musket and fought the Pinkertons in the bloody battle of last week. The meeting was called to order by Hugh O'Donnell who after stating that Burgess McLuckie would preside, invited the representatives of the press to the platform. "They are the people," said he, "who have created public sympathy for us all over the United States. They have been our friends." [Applause.]

BURGESS MCLUCKIE'S SPEECH.

The speech of Burgess McLuckie, on assuming the chair, was a most significant one. Although the Burgess of Homestead, he is one of the most prominent leaders of the strikers and shares with Hugh O'Donnell a great influence over these sturdy working-men.

A SPOOK IN CONYNGHAM.

The following ghost story is printed by the Ashland Telegram:

"Believers in ghosts are firmly convinced that a genuine and frolicsome specimen of this class has its home and plays its pranks along the road between Montana and Kline's tavern on the way to Catawissa. The road at the point where it is said to be encountered at the ghostly hour of midnight on almost any night, runs close to an immense hollow in the mountains, and is flanked on the opposite side by a high embankment.

"A deep gully extends some distance back into the right bank, and this dark and lonesome spot is the alleged abiding place of the walking spirit in robes so white that it must have a steam laundry close at hand.

"The story goes that one time away back in years gone by a settler built his cabin at this place and lived there happily with his family. There came a destroyer of his peace who stole away his wife, and left behind the corpse of the settler, whom he had killed in a moment of murderous frenzy. It is the spirit of this long since departed settler which is said to play its pranks upon passers by.

"George Thiel, of a point near Catawissa, is not a believer in spiritual manifestations, but at the present time he is compelled to admit that something much out of the ordinary befell him at this place one dark, rainy night during the fore part of last week, which neither he or any member of the party which accompanied him have ever been able to explain.

"According to the story that Mr. Thiel told, he and his friends were driving slowly along the road at midnight in a closed wagon, upon a night when it was dark, and drizzling rain falling, and the party were amazed just after passing the supposed ghostly retreat, to observe a bright light suddenly appear shining over the top of their vehicle upon the road ahead of the horses as though from a dark lantern stationed upon the roof. This continued for some time and an investigation revealed no cause for the curious appearance, but the light remained, and as the vehicle moved forward, it, too, kept its position. The light was a steady, luminous glare similar to that emanating from an incandescent electric light, and it kept pace with the team for a distance of half a mile during which time the horses were in a perfect frenzy of fear, and the occupants speechless because of the unexplained mystery, which after a while disappeared as suddenly as it came.

"Others are said to have observed the same phenomenon at nearly the same point, but no explanation has ever been offered."

Took Laudanum and Paris Green

Morrison Cartright, an old resident of Berwick died in great agony, last Friday night after taking the contents of a bottle containing laudanum and paris green. He was at his work until noon, when he told Foreman Beishline he could not stand this life any longer. To this remark little attention was paid, however. Recent excessive dissipation and temporary insanity are attributed as the cause.

Danville has organized a board of trade and appointed a committee to obtain Congressman Wolverton's assistance in securing for the town the free postal delivery system.

CHAFF ABOUT SPEECHES AND STORIES.

There are a great many men in the world who can make good speeches, in their minds. There are comparatively few who can make good speeches, in the minds of other people. As we sit and listen to another fellow making a speech or delivering an oration, or getting off a lecture, or responding to a toast, we may be compelled to admit that he is doing right well, but at the same time we cannot overcome the impression that we could do it a great deal better or at least quite as well. It is a very easy thing to make funny speeches, that is when you are alone beforehand, thinking over what you are going to say on some public occasion. You already see your audience convulsed with laughter at your funny anecdotes, your telling hits, your pungent wit and your side-splitting humor, but afterwards when you take your seat and there has not been a ripple of applause, nor a shadow of a smile on a single face all the time you were talking, and you wonder why, and think it all over and remember that you have forgotten to relate your anecdotes, and omitted your hits, and that your wit has turned into a doleful, funereal failure, you are then forced to the conclusion that it isn't such an awful easy thing to make a good speech after all. The fact is there is much more in manner than in matter in speech-making. One man gives you solid meat in an easy, quiet, undemonstrative style, and another gives you froth, and jumps all over the platform, and roars and rants and tears, and the latter is the one who nine times out of ten is considered the orator. Action on the platform, and even in the pulpit, often has more weight than words. With most people the excitement of the moment is preferable to words of deepest wisdom delivered in a calm manner, which require subsequent contemplation for full digestion.

A witty man is not always a witty writer. Wit is largely spontaneous, and humorous sayings are those which come on the spur of the moment. I have heard men who have reputations as wits, say that they cannot write funny things because when they sit down and attempt to grind it out, it won't come. Many things that sound very funny when uttered, are very flat when put in cold type.

On the other hand, some of the humorous writers are most solemn men in conversation. They were never known to utter a joke, but when they sit down methodically and turn the crank they can grind them out by the yard. The sayings of children are oftentimes amusing because of their quaintness and spontaneity, but when they are repeated by older lips, and especially if you happen to live next door and have been compelled to listen to what Johnny said for the fortieth time, it sort of loses its edge. Story telling, like speech making is a natural gift. One man can tell a funny story so that you will laugh at it every time if he tells it twenty times over; another man can tell the same story in exactly the same words, and he will have to tell it twenty times over before you can discover a single smile in it. He simply knocks the stuffing out of it by his manner of telling it. There is a class of people who spoil the pleasure of a good story by waiting until the teller has almost reached the funny point and then interrupt him and break the point off by telling it in their own clumsy way. I presume they are the same people who sit near you at the theatre and having seen the play once, they tell their companion what is coming next all through. This is highly entertaining to everybody in the neighborhood. It is like having some body tell you in advance just how the novel in which you are deeply interested closes in the last chapter. I always feel like pounding such people. But this article does not seem to be coming to any conclusion, and there is not any particular moral to it. I didn't start out with anything special in view and having adhered strictly to that purpose, I close.

JUNIUS JR.

It is reported that King Alexander of Serbia has decided to visit the World's fair next year. He is 16 years and the son of the much talked of ex King Milan and ex-Queen Natalie.

The Swiss national council has appropriated 120,000 francs (\$24,000) for an exhibit at the World's fair of the Swiss watch making industry.

One of the novel exhibits in Machinery hall at the World's fair will be a model paper mill. It will be in active operation and will show all the processes of paper making.

The Correct Columbus Day.

The recent action of Congress changing the date for the national public school celebration from October 21st is a step in the direction of scholarly accuracy, and it is remarkable that it should have been so long overlooked.

If there is to be a national observance of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America it should take place on the date which marks the true century-point. It is obviously stupid to await the recurrence of a date which by reason of arbitrary changes in the methods of reckoning time has lost its significance and does not indicate the true cycle of years.

Every American knows that Columbus discovered this hemisphere on October 12, 1492, and at first thought October 12, 1892, would seem to mark the 400th anniversary of that event. But it will be remembered that time was then calculated upon a different basis than is now in vogue.

For many centuries the Julian calendar was the accepted authority for all calculations, although its inaccuracy was not unknown. In 1582 a reformation took place. Gregorian calendar was then introduced in Europe, and this calendar is now used by all civilized nations, with the exception of Russia, which still adheres to the Julian method of computing time. When this reformation occurred it was found necessary to drop ten days from the calendar; and October 4, 1582, became October 15, 1582. These dropped days were the accumulations of many centuries of erroneous reckoning. The Julian calendar assumed that a year contained 365 1/4 days, and as this was 11 minutes and 14 seconds too long, the error amounted to 3 days every 400 years. The Gregorian calendar corrected this defect by making every centennial year a common year unless divisible by 400, whereas by the Julian calendar every year (centennial year included) divisible by 4 was a leap year. Thus by the new style of computation the years 1500, 1700, and 1800 were not leap years.

As previously stated the reformation took place in 1582, and ten days were suppressed. But as the discovery of America was previous to the year 1500, which by the Gregorian calendar was common, there are but 9 days to omit. Consequently on October 21, 1892, the sun will occupy the same relative position to the earth as on the 12th of October, 1492, when for the first time Columbus beheld these shores.

For these reasons, together with the fact that every precedent is in favor of adopting the "new style" of reckoning, we favor the change.

The Gregorian calendar was not introduced into Great Britain until 1751, ignorance and prejudice defeating the change up to that time. Consequently it has been necessary to correct the dates of our American anniversaries which commemorate events previous to 1751. Washington was born February 11th, but by the "new style" his birthday falls on the 22nd, and that is the day we celebrate. The anniversary of Forefather's Day and of the founding of the city of Boston are both observed on the corrected date. It is unfortunate that the Act of Congress of April 25, 1890, naming October 12th, 1892, as the date for the dedication of the World's Fair grounds has not been amended by a change of date to October 21st. The fair will practically be a year late, and the dedicatory exercises should take place on the true anniversary, which is October 21st. Congress has already shown its good sense by placing the popular and general celebration of which the public schools are to be the centers on the correct date. It only remains for Congress to extricate the nation from the comical predicament of a two-headed celebration of Discovery Day by changing the Chicago date to corrected date it has already set for the popular public school celebrations.

To Keep Flowers Fresh.

Flowers may be kept fresh for a long time by putting a pinch of soda into the water in which they are held. They should not be gathered while the sun is shining upon them, but early in the morning or after the sun has been down for an hour. To revive wilted flowers plunge the stems to about one-third of their length into boiling water. This will drive the sap back into the flowers, causing them to become fresh. Then cut away the third of the stem which has been heated and place the flowers in cold water.

Great Britain, France, Germany, and, in fact, many other foreign nations, are asking, and almost insisting that more space be granted for their exhibits at the World's fair.

PERSONAL.

Miss Annie McKelvy is visiting Mrs. Dr. Frontz at Montgomery.

Miss Ida Bernhard is visiting her sister, Mrs. Voris, at Scranton.

C. C. Trench has gone to Michigan on business.

Miss Wasley has been visiting in Pottsville and Shenandoah.

Miss Tompkins of Cleveland, is the guest of Mrs. N. U. Funk.

Mrs. C. E. Smith of Wisconsin, and Mrs. R. Ladd of Towanda, are visiting at Judge Elwell's.

Elmer E. Dorns is taking a vacation, and has gone to Bethlehem to visit relatives.

J. G. Wells and F. P. Pursel took a trip to New York and Providence, returning on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. Meredith of Danville has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Eyer.

Mr. Paul E. Wirt and family returned from their Western trip on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Elwell and son Edward will spend next week in Towanda.

Prof. W. H. Butts will preside at the organ in St. Paul's church for a few weeks during the absence of the organist.

Mrs. Dr. Edward Jacoby, of Columbus, Ohio, and her children, are visiting at Mr. Pierce Foulke's on Iron street.

Dr. J. C. Reifsnnyder of Milton, Assistant Surgeon of the 12th Regiment, has gone to Homestead with the state militia.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wigfall and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. McKelvy spent the past week at Hotel Raymond, Eaglesmere.

F. P. Cosper of Pittsburg was in town on Wednesday with his family to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, N. M. Hartman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wragg of Iowa, are visiting their cousins, E. R. Drinker and family. Mr. Wragg lived in Bloomsburg forty five years ago, and has not been here since he left.

The Nimrod Camping Club consisting of Masters Carl Wirt, Carl Bernhard, Louis Bernhard, D. J. Waller 3rd and Joseph Townsend, are camping in Grimes' wood near Light Street.

Col. A. D. Seely of Berwick, member of the Governor's Staff, passed through here to report for active duty in the Homestead emergency on Monday.

One member of the Normal School has changed her name since the term closed, Miss Harvey having become Mrs. O. H. Bakeless. They were married at Milroy, Pa., last week Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brooke and children and Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Bittenbender and children have rented a cottage at Elk Grove, and will occupy it for a month. The gentlemen will be in Bloomsburg occasionally on business.

Rev. P. A. Heilman of the Lutheran Church will exchange pulpits with Rev. Ellis Bell, pastor of the Grace M. E. Church of Williamsport. Rev. Bell is a very popular pastor in the city and has a very large congregation.

Among those who went to New York last week Thursday on the low excursion rate, were W. H. Brower, Geo. Norman, H. G. Sherwood, Dr. Harter, M. E. Edwards, Miss Mary Sheep, Miss M. Hower, Miss Lily Everett, Miss Annie Elliott, Miss McReynolds, Mrs. C. W. Miller and daughter, James Wilson and sister, Miss Eva Rupert and others.

Milton School Board.

The controversy in the Milton School Board has been settled by the Court dissolving it and appointing an altogether new set of directors from each of the five wards.

Since the election of new members at the February municipal election but two meetings have been held and upon each occasion it was war to the knife. An organization could not be even effected. When an attempt was made at the first meeting to elect a president of the board there was some peculiar voting and the cry of fraud was raised, the board being equally divided, there being ten members and eleven votes cast. This was but one of the many little episodes that occurred.

In the bill and answer filed there are charges and counter-charges on the part of each division. The Court, after summoning the entire board to appear before it, asked numerous leading questions, and after dissolving it appointed the new board.

CAUGHT IN HER OWN TRAP

Kitty looked at me with a pained, indignant expression, her eyes were wide and bright in their depths which made the small colorless face at times positively radiant.

We were sitting on the stairs at Mrs. Crampton's last hall. There was always a crush at the Crampton mansion, and Kitty and I had made our way out of the whirling vortex of dancers at imminent risk of life and limb, and had gladly sought this last refuge. Every other corner, every room, every niche, seemed overflowing with gayly-dressed people in groups, but more often in pairs, laughing, chatting, flirting. And sitting here, just behind the marble statue of Psyche, I had accused Kitty Hathaway of being a flirt.

Well, it looked like it. I must confess, for she was always surrounded by an admiring group, upon whom she lavished impartial sweetness, looking all the time so demure and innocent as to almost deceive me. I, Alan Gordon, aged twenty-five, had never been in love in my life. I was one of the crowd of cavaliers who knelt at sweet Kitty Hathaway's feet. It was only because she was so altogether bewitching that I had no choice in the matter. To-night her flirtations had excited their usual limit.

"Miss Kitty—I assumed my most magisterial expression—don't you know that it is 'wrong to flirt?'"

"Is it?" with a swift glance, quickly withdrawn. "Who—who flirts? Oh, yes, I know! You are referring to Annie Merton. I must confess she does, or rather, tries to flirt successfully, but I don't believe she understands the art."

"Annie Merton, indeed?" I feel myself getting indignant. "An old maid of forty at least. You know perfectly well that I am referring to a certain brown-eyed maiden named Hathaway. Miss Kitty, it is a shame for you to break all these loving hearts."

She laughed, a clear, ringing laugh. "Dah! Nonsense! You men have no hearts to break. Your hearts are petrified, ossified, fossilized, and all the rest of it. You do not know what it is to love a woman truly, steadfastly."

"Kitty, stop! You are wrong and you know it. You know that I am not a foolish, flirting fellow. You know—or you ought to know—that I love—"

"Miss Kitty! I beg ten thousand pardons, Gordon, but this is my dance. The Manola, Miss Kitty; and you did promise it to me."

I felt like annihilating the tall young man who had made his way with difficulty to our secluded corner. But there was no hope; she must go. She rose, and I fancied a regretful look in the lovely brown eyes as she turned to me and deposited her bouquet—a magnificent collection of orchids—in my hand.

"Keep it until I return," she whispered. "If I survive this wait I will be back here; so don't go away."

My eyes met hers; I smiled and nodded—and then she was gone. And all at once it occurred to me how dark and dreary the place had grown—what a dull affair the Crampton ball had become and how I missed Kitty Hathaway.

And then something else occurred to me also—something that came crushing down upon me with sudden force, nearly depriving me of my senses. I awoke at once to the fact that I loved her—I, Alan Gordon, who had long looked upon one and marriage as a remote contingency—all accident which must befall me sometime, but not now. Oh, no!

I was my own master; a fortune of half a million had fallen to me a year ago, and I was quite alone in the world save for my mother. She had given up the hope of my falling in love, for not the slightest fancy had ever troubled the peaceful waters of my existence. But I was awake at last to the knowledge that while I had been dreaming love had stolen in at the door of my heart, and I awoke myself to a realization of the truth when it was too late to bar the intruder out.

While I sat there with Kitty's orchids in my hands, my eyes dreamily watched the floating white-robed figure—she was all in white, a fleecy, gauzy, diaphanous material striped with silver threads—and occasionally intercepting a glance from her merry brown eyes from over her partner's shoulder, Mrs. Crampton, with her daughter Clara in tow, made her way with difficulty to my side.

"Dear me, Alan, what a place to sit, to be sure!" Mrs. Crampton had known me all my life, and always addressed me by my given name. "You have not met Clara since her return from school. My dear," with a swift glance into Miss Clara's face, "this is your old school-mate and playfellow, Alan Gordon. You are five years her senior, Alan. Now I am going to leave you two to renew old friendship, while I go to Mrs. Marcy, yonder. I declare, the old lady is looking faint and ill!"

"No wonder; the atmosphere is stifling," I thought, as I made way for Miss Clara, who sank into the seat at my side which Kitty had vacated.

A slender, painfully slender, young lady was Miss Clara Crampton, with pale blue eyes and pale yellow hair, and an air of languor.

"Just see Kitty Hathaway!" ejaculated that young lady; "how overdressed she is, and she dances all the time! See, she is flirting with young Granger!"

I looked; how could I help it? Had I not been looking at every opportunity while the dancers danced and the sweet waltz music surged upon the perfumed air? Yes, it looked like flirting, for Kitty's eyes were uplifted to Granger's handsome face, and the very manner of the little witch convinced me that there was mischief brewing. Ah, well! she was not mine. I had no right to dictate to her.

"And you know,"—Miss Clara's voice floated across my reverie like a chill east wind—"that the Hathaways are in reduced circumstances, and Kitty is bound to marry a rich man. Dear me! she told me so, Mr. Gordon. She declares that she must marry a fortune. What is the matter?"

I had started up with an involuntary

exclamation which I could not repress. Did the girl know—or care—that she was driving me mad? And just at that instant, with a broken wall, the music died into silence. I arose to my feet.

"Pardon me, Miss Crampton," I began, striving hard to be calm and courteous. "I have Miss Hathaway's orchids and must return them to her. Orchids are too valuable to be lightly thrown away."

Miss Clara bowed, but there was a look of displeasure upon her thin face.

I made my way slowly from the secluded niche back to the ball-room to Kitty Hathaway's side. I laid the orchids in her hand.

"They are too valuable to lose," I suggested.

"They are hideous!" she cried, tossing them upon a table. "I never could understand the beauty of an orchid any more than I can appreciate the beauty of a mushroom. But Mr. Granger sent them, and I—"

I bowed.

"I understand. He is the last favored suitor," I cut in, harshly.

Kitty lifted her eyes to my face again with that same indignant glance, but full of pathos too.

"Will you get my cloak?" she asked softly—"and please find mamma. I think I shall go home."

With secret satisfaction I obeyed her, and when the carriage had driven away I went back to bid the hostess good night and took my departure also.

I had made up my mind to ask Kitty Hathaway to be my wife. I loved her. Good heavens! of what had I been thinking all these months, not to have found out the truth before?

I rang the bell at the pretty little home of the Hathaways the next evening. Kitty and her mother lived in a retired street, in a neat cottage which, with a small income, constituted their entire wealth.

She came into the cosy parlor where I awaited her. She was all in black, and her face was very pale. I arose and took her hand in mine at once. I would make no prelude or preparation, but would go directly to the point.

"Kitty," I whispered, "I have come to ask you to be my wife. I think I have always loved you. Kitty, Kitty, what is your answer?"

The sweet, pale face drooped.

"I—I am sorry," she murmured faintly "but I—I can not." All my pride was up in arms in a moment.

"You refuse me, then?" I cried bitterly. "And oh, how I love you, Kitty!"

She was trembling like a leaf, but she turned away with calm composure. I snatched up my hat and turned to the door, angry, hurt, my pride stung.

"Good by!" I cried wildly. "I hope I may never see you again! You are a flirt, and not worthy a good man's love!" and I dashed out of the house like a madman, and went home to my own rooms and locked myself in, alone with my dreary thoughts.

The next day I started on a journey, deciding to make a tour of the far West—visit California, Colorado and explore the Rocky Mountains. Time passed and I found myself so occupied and interested with the strange sights and new scenes whither my unquiet spirit led me that the wound in my heart began to heal. In the meantime I had kept up a correspondence with Clara Crampton. How I had drifted into it I can hardly say, but I found her a pleasant, chatty writer, and was glad to receive her letters. I had just replied to a long epistle, when news connected with some real estate of mine at home made me decide to return, and I started upon the very next train for the East.

I found my mother well, and having attended to my business, turned my steps in the direction of the Crampton mansion. I rang the bell and was ushered into a small reception-room, which was separated from Miss Clara's boudoir by heavy azure velvet portieres. I seated myself to await Miss Clara's coming. I learned afterward that the servant was new and untrained, and having shown me into the reception-room, straightway forgot to announce my arrival to the ladies. And sitting there, my presence unsuspected, I heard these words:

"Mamma"—it was Clara Crampton's voice—"do you think that he will ever propose? Alan Gordon, I mean, of course. Whom else have I been angling for ever since that night when I told him that Kit Hathaway had determined to marry a fortune? And then, you know, I made Kit believe that he had told me—didn't I ever tell you about it?—that he would never marry a girl without a fortune, and, above all, a girl who loves to flirt. In short, I made her believe that he was only amusing himself with her, and Kit is horribly proud, you know, so that accounts for Gordon going away so suddenly. I am determined to be Mrs. Alan Gordon myself, for he is worth half a million or more."

I started to my feet in utter consternation, and then the strangest thing occurred. Out from the embrasure of the long window at the other end of the room, where she had sat hidden from my view by the heavy window curtains, came Kitty Hathaway. She had also been a victim to the blundering servant, and we two caged together had heard our own story with all the wrong set right.

I put out both hands with a swift glance towards the portieres—a glance which Kitty interpreted to mean silence. She laid her white hands in mine, and without a word I stooped and kissed her. At that very moment Miss Clara swept aside the portieres, falling back with a stifled shriek as her eyes fell upon the scene.

"Miss Kitty is my promised wife, Miss Crampton," I said quietly, "and we thank you from the bottom of our hearts for having set right the wrong that your own hands have wrought."

Kitty has been my dear wife for many a long day, but we will neither of us ever forget the look of defeat, the horror, the consternation which rested upon Clara Crampton's face. But it was all her own work, and it was right that she should bear the penalty.—Toronto Mail.

Little minds are tamed and subdued by misfortunes; but great minds rise above them.—Washington Irving.

Thinking Men versus Floaters.

This campaign will be peculiar. The Republicans will work among the floaters, to whom they will dispense the boodle. A political fight is, according to high Republican authority, "largely a matter of finance." The Democrats propose to appeal to thinking men of all parties and rest their case on principle rather than on pelf. If there are more thinking men who are in doubt than there are floaters who are in need, the Democrats will probably win. The arguments of McKinley and other protectionist orators are not calculated to inspire respect. They will have little or no effect upon the mass of thoughtful voters. The issue is narrowed—it is chiefly a question of the relative influence of brain and boodle.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The "Reductio ad Absurdum."

A cheap coat, according to Mr. Harrison, makes a cheap man. Protection, according to the Republican theory, makes cheap coats. Ergo, protection makes cheap men. Here is a syllogism, the major premise and the minor premise of which being admitted, the conclusion is inevitable. But the Republican party believes in making cheap men in order that the protected monopoly barons in whose interest they would run the government may be afforded opportunities to grow richer.—Houston Post.

Words of Wisdom.

Every interference with trade is a check on the wheels of progress. He who tunnels a mountain, bridges a river, or in any way removes any impediment to the freest intercourse between people is a public benefactor. And he who in any way puts up a barrier to commerce is a public enemy. The people are beginning to see this, and when they do see it in its fullness they will bury the opponents of a tariff for revenue only so deep that there will never be a resurrection.—Des Moines Leader.

A Shameful Proceeding.

It looks as if the first step was taken toward a coup d'etat such as the president of the French republic in 1848 resorted to when he proclaimed the empire, and mounted to the throne of dominion for an indefinite period, when President Harrison, through his subalterns and the African legions in the southern states, shamefully constituted the convention called to ratify his acts, the force bill included, and insured his renomination.—Lynchburg American.

Let Them Have the Facts.

The presses of the government printing office in Washington could not be put to better use than in spreading information as to the true inwardness of the revolutionary force bill which the Minneapolis convention promises that the Republican party will enact if it is given the chance. The people of this country are profoundly interested in politics just now. Let them have all the facts, fully and accurately.—St. Louis Republic.

It Must Be Easy Indeed.

The Republicans are already raising the cry that General Harrison is "a soldier who has never known defeat." A presidential campaign in which the Republican party did not depend largely on a sentimental appeal to the war spirit would be a novelty indeed. How easy it is to arouse military enthusiasm in this country is shown by the fact that Ben Harrison expects to run partly on his military record.—Chicago Herald.

He Doesn't Regard Ethics.

The revelation that the newly appointed secretary of state has until lately been acting as confidential attorney for various foreign powers in matters involving claims against the government may not affect the legality of his appointment, but it would seem to raise a question of official ethics not altogether undeserving the president's attention.—Philadelphia Record.

War on Blaine.

Secretary Foster has removed Mrs. Cynthia Smith, a relative of Mr. Blaine, from a little clerkship in the sixth auditor's office. It seems that the administration's hatred of Blaine continues even now, after he is a private citizen. But it is rather mean politics to make a poorly paid woman a victim of its hatred.—Boston Herald.

"Always Trust the People."

Ex-Secretary Whitney declares that "you can always trust the people." This is the bottom fact on which Democracy rests. There is reason to believe that this year the Democratic party more nearly than at any time since its early days will represent true Democracy.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Platt's Echo Speaks.

The Hon. Jacob Sloat Fassett announces his willingness and readiness to take off his coat for President Harrison. The Hon. Jacob took off his coat once before and he now addresses Roswell P. Flower as "governor."—Chicago Mail.

Limited to the Proprietors.

It is probably called the "Carnegie Steel Company, Limited," because the fortunes enjoyed under the McKinley act are limited to the proprietors.—New York World.

The Usual Way.

The Republican senate has done nothing at this session except smother anti-trust bills and insist on larger appropriations.—St. Louis Republic.

Time Indeed.

When mines close, miners are refused work and coal goes up it is time for the goddess of Liberty to put on her thinking cap.—New York Herald.

The Fruits of Protection.

The tidings from Pennsylvania go to show that there's no place like Home-stand.—Boston Herald.

Workshop Campaign Headquarters.

The only workshop campaign headquarters is Carnegie's.—Utica Observer.



The shade of a parasol is a very acceptable thing in the summer months, but the reputation of Phillips' cafe and Bakery cannot be thrown in the shade at any time the year round. Bread and cakes fresh every day. We are sole agents for Tenney's fine candies: Ice Cream always: Catering for parties and weddings a specialty. Special terms to regular boarders in the Cafe.

M. M. PHILLIPS & SON.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hay-Fever Sufferers

Should read our new 112-page book on the treatment and cure of Hay-Fever and Asthma. Sent free on application.

"I have been a sufferer from Hay-Fever and Asthma from birth—of years. I have tried all remedies that came to my notice without permanent relief. I am pleased to say that your medicines certainly cured me to stay cured."

W. L. WATSON, Roslindale, Boston, Mass.

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DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT



Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from over-exhaustion of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indigestion, or sexual debility, drains, losses, excessive fatigue, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder troubles, hemorrhoids, hemorrhages, neuralgia, general debility, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer of no force than the force of the wind, and will cure all the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvellous invention. For all other remedies failed, and we give a guarantee of testimonials in this and every other state. Our powerful improved ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY is the greatest belt ever offered. With FREE TRIAL BELT, Health and Vigor restored GUARANTEED in 30 to 60 days. Send for large illustrated pamphlet, named, free by mail, address: SANDEN'S ELECTRIC CO. No. 319 Broadway, NEW YORK.

KEMP THE ARTIST.

Makes now the finest PORTRAITS and CRAYONS. Is having his Gallery remodelled and fitted up in fine style, and the only first class north light in the county.

1 2 CABINET \$1.00.

Also having a wagon on the road fitted with the latest improvements for taking in views, Portraits and Tintypes, will call at your door without extra charge. Reserve your photos as we carry a full line copying samples till we call at your place.

Drop us a postal card and we will set a day to call on you.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Clears and beautifies the hair. Promotes its growth. Prevents itching scalp. Keeps the hair from falling out. Cleanses the scalp. Gives the hair a soft, silky, and healthy appearance. Sold everywhere.

MINORCOINS

These coins are made for the purpose of saving money. They are made of a special alloy and are guaranteed to be of pure metal. They are sold at a discount of 10% on the face value. They are a great saving to the holder. They are a great investment for the future. They are a great gift for the family. They are a great way to save money. They are a great way to make money. They are a great way to live. They are a great way to die.

DEAFNESS & MIND CURED BY

DR. J. H. BROWN'S TREATMENT. This is a new and powerful method of curing deafness and mental disorders. It is guaranteed to be successful in all cases. It is a great relief to the sufferer. It is a great blessing to the world. It is a great discovery. It is a great achievement. It is a great triumph. It is a great victory. It is a great success. It is a great glory. It is a great honor. It is a great reward. It is a great prize. It is a great gift. It is a great treasure. It is a great wealth. It is a great power. It is a great influence. It is a great authority. It is a great name. It is a great fame. It is a great reputation. It is a great legacy. It is a great monument. It is a great memorial. It is a great record. It is a great history. It is a great story. It is a great tale. It is a great legend. It is a great myth. It is a great dream. It is a great vision. It is a great inspiration. It is a great motivation. It is a great encouragement. It is a great support. 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Had Faith in the Limited.
FROM NEW YORK TO A CHICAGO COURT
ROOM IN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

(Philadelphia Record, June 29th, 1904.)
The perfection to which the art of railroading has been carried in these days had a striking illustration last week in the case of a prominent New York lawyer, who was a passenger on the Chicago Limited on Tuesday morning. It was absolutely essential that he should be there on time, but on account of a pressure of business he could not leave New York before Sunday. The alternative was then offered him of taking a Sunday afternoon train and spending two nights on the road, or of waiting until Monday morning and taking the Chicago Limited, which would land him in Chicago at 9:45 on Tuesday morning.

The consequences might possibly be serious if the Limited should be late in reaching Chicago; but, trusting to its well-earned reputation for being always on time, the New Yorker decided to take it and run the risk. The result showed that his confidence was not misplaced. Exactly at 9:45 on Tuesday morning the Limited rolled into the Union Station at Chicago. Jumping into a cab with his wife the lawyer was driven straight to the temple of justice where Judge Gresham presided. He reached it in eight minutes, a few moments later was in the court-room. The court opened promptly at ten o'clock, and his case was called first on the list.

A Point for You.

In view of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others, is it not reasonable to suppose that it will be of benefit to you? For Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the blood, for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, That Tired Feeling, Catarrh, Malaria, Rheumatism, Hood's Sarsaparilla is an unequalled remedy.

Hood's PILLS cure Sick Headache.

Too Much for Him.

A dear, old clergyman, now dead, who was, during his lifetime, beloved by all who knew him, made a practice to address the children of his Sabbath school every Sunday afternoon. He had a little list of those who held him dearest considered rather adding to than detracting from the charm of his delivery.

One day he rose and began, "Children, I don't think I have anything special to say to you today." A gamine rose in the back of the room. "Then that's up!" he shouted.

The good gentleman stopped short, cleared his throat, made one or two fresh starts, broke down again, and finally took his seat, completely downed by this piece of sauciness.—New York Recorder.

As there is no royal road to learning, so there is no magical cure for disease. The effect, however, of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for blood disorders comes as near magic as can be expected of any mere human agency. This is due to its purity and strength.

More than one thousand men are now at work on the mammoth manufactures building for the World's fair. The total number of workmen at Jackson park now exceeds 7,000. It will probably be increased to 10,000 or more.

For the complexion use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It brings blooming health to wan cheeks.

A group of Caribs from the Lesser Antilles, descendants of the cannibal race discovered by Columbus on his second voyage, will be at the World's fair, engaged in making baskets and other native industries.

The mineral exhibit at the World's fair promises to be incomparably finer than every before made, either in this country or abroad. California and Colorado is each striving to surpass all other states.

We are often deceived in the age of people having beautiful and luxuriant hair, not knowing that they use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep gray hairs away.

An exact fac simile of the San Louie Rev. mission, perhaps the finest and most celebrated of all the famed old mission ruins in Southern California, will be seen at the World's fair.

Out of His Way.

Husband—You say you've had that bonnet six months. Why, I've never seen it before.

Wife—I knew it. I only wear it to church.—New York Herald.

SMOKING IN CUBA.

Pipes a Rarity, but the Cigarette is Everywhere.

No one in Cuba, except the foreigner, ever smokes a pipe, but cigars and cigarettes are universal, says the Boston Globe.

Of necessity there is a great demand for a cheap cigar, and some of the cigars that fill that demand emit a smoke which will float a straw hat and wither the vegetation for rods around.

The cigarette, however, is the main reliance of the workingman. No remarks are passed in Cuba when a man lights a cigarette, nor is there anything effeminate in the article itself. Five cents pays for a big bunch as long as an ordinary cigar.

It is not easy for the visitor to get a good cigar at the tobaccoist's. The ten and fifteen cent grades seem coarse and heavy, and a headache goes with every one. But a visit to a factory near Havana makes the old smoker's mouth water.

There one can buy cigars all the way from \$35 a thousand up to \$850. "Eight hundred and fifty dollars for a thousand cigars! Who buys them?" Oh, lots of people in different parts of the world—mainly wealthy Spaniards and Portuguese.

Very few of these cigars are sold to the United States. The Yankee is allowed to bring just forty-nine cigars home with him without paying duty.

The Roman Matron.

That august and forbidding person, the Roman matron, is pleasantly pictured in the paper on "Private Life in Ancient Rome," by Harriet Waters Preston and Louise Dodge, which appears in the Atlantic Monthly. The passage runs:

The union thus formed and sanctioned by the divine blessing was at first, and indeed for a long while, regarded as indissoluble. It assured to the Roman matron a very noble position. She was subordinate to her husband in her relations with the world, but her away within the home was undisputed. Her spouse, no less than her children and servants, addressed her with deference as dominus, or lady. No servile work was expected of her, but, so far from being confined to one quarter of the dwelling, like the Greek woman, she moved freely through it, overseeing all its activities and arrangements, the preparation of meals, the spinning of her maidens, the lessons of her children. She received her husband's guests and sat with them at table, while the children, and sometimes even favorite slaves who had been born and reared in the house, were served at a sort of side table in the same room.

It was not thought seemly for a matron to go out without her husband's knowledge or unattended; but, upon these conditions, she was free to walk abroad; place was deferentially made for her in the public ways, and the stola matronalis, or peculiar outside garment which she wore, was supposed to be a protection from all discourtesy. She attended public games and theatrical representations; her testimony was received in the courts; she might even plead for an accused relative. If she came of a very noble race, she was entitled to a funeral sermon, or public oration of eulogy after her death.

Such was the ideal wifehood of the good old Roman times, and there is a sense in which it may be said always to have remained the ideal. Everybody knows that the mother of the Gracchi and the wife of Marcus Brutus were ladies of austere fashion and immaculate mind. Nay, late in the fourth century, even, we find St. Jerome endeavoring to shame some of the more lawless lambs of his flock by examples of personal rectitude and dignity in the first pagan families. But long ere that time the standard of manners had fatally deteriorated. The enormous increase of wealth, and the habits of eastern luxury which came in with the Macedonian and other wars of foreign conquest, were prolific sources of corruption; while the study of Greek philosophy, which was affected by clever women equally with their lords, promoted the growth of new ideas, which rendered the "daily round and common task" of the older time particularly irksome.

Marriage with manus and religious rites went more and more out of fashion except for the priestly caste; marriage upon any terms was avoided by very many. Divorce, on the other hand, became of daily occurrence, and could be had on the most frivolous pretexts, as the lives of the Romans whom we know most intimately, Cæsar, Pompey and their great cotemporaries, only too plainly show.

A Countryman's Rebuke.

The countryman's contempt for city knowledge is often very amusing. The other day, during the warm spell, a young Boston entomologist journeyed to a suburban city to meet an enthusiastic co-worker in the science. Together the two wandered into the fields in search of something to dissect; and, though it was early for a thoroughly animated nature, they had a lively talk, and did happen upon a premature specimen of the animals with wings. The insect was promptly captured, and the two lads took it to the nearest fence for examination. Here neither of them could recall the order to which it belonged, and the Latin name was variously given by both.

In the midst of the controversy two countrymen came up, attracted by what was going on, and wondering, as they expressed it, "what the lads were jawing about." But their perplexity did not last long. The youthful entomologists informed them, pointing to the insect, that they were "trying to think of the name for that." "That?" said the elder of the countrymen, with an expression of utter scorn on his face, "why, that's a bug. Never see a bug before?"

To sweeten salt pork, cut as many slices as you will require for breakfast, and soak till morning in sweet milk and water; then rinse till the water is clear, and fry.

COOLNESS SAVED HIM.

The Duke of Wellington's Adventure With a Maniac.

Some years ago the Duke of Wellington was sitting at his library table when the door opened, and without any announcement in stalked a figure of singularly ill omen, says London Tid Bits.

"Who are you?" asked the Duke in his short and dry manner, looking up without the slightest change of countenance upon the intruder.

"I am Apollyon. I am sent here to kill you."

"Kill me? Very odd."

"I am Apollyon, and must put you to death."

"Bliged to do it to-day?"

"I am not told the day or the hour; but I must do my mission."

"Very inconvenient, very busy; great many letters to write. Call again, or write me word—I'll be ready for you."

The Duke then went on with his correspondence. The maniac, appalled probably by the stern, immovable old gentleman, backed out of the room, and in half an hour was in an asylum.

The Crowning Feature.

"Yes, gentlemen," remarked the advance agent of the only big show on earth, "notwithstanding the fact that in the past we have ransacked the globe from pole to pole, have penetrated the jungles of South America, the deserts of Africa, the ice-locked fastnesses of the Arctic region, and the sacred lands of India in our determination to secure every thing weird, worthy and wonderful under the sun, we have still been enabled to stamp improvement on the wings of time, and this season we present a bewildering array of attractions totally eclipsing the wildest imaginations of wonderland; a whirlwind of marvels, sweeping all our would-be imitators away with an irresistible impetuosity!"

While the speaker paused for breath his hearers prepared themselves for the worst.

"Our gigantic universal aggregation of consolidated wonders was the first show on earth to introduce a female lion tamer. The first year she performed with one lion, the next year with two, and so on till the tenth year, when she played with ten of them at once. Then she began that very hazardous proceeding, which might be termed mixing her drinks, by bringing tigers, leopards, etc., into her family of brute monarchs. Finally, during last season, she appeared in a mammoth enclosure and played with a number of lions, tigers, leopards, hyenas, crocodiles, lion constrictors, wild cats and rattlesnakes all at one and the same time.

"The public unanimously declared that woman could do nothing more to demonstrate her utter fearlessness of the animal creation, but she has."

Every one held his breath awaiting the startling revelation about to be made.

"Yes, sir; recognizing the fact that the press and people demand something newer and more startling every year, Mme. de Slambaggio has this year discarded lions and tigers and everything old, and now actually enters a cage containing three live and unfettered mice!"

It required the combined efforts of the strong men of the party to resuscitate the weaker members who had fainted away.—Chicago Times.

Her Bonnet.

Profanely followed that bonnet—A heated curleuse ran—Her father heaped curses upon it Because of the bill he must pay.

Her rivals grew madder than thunder And friends of a whole year, alas! Were hopelessly riven asunder—A wonderful bonnet it was.

But he that swore deepest and loudest Was in the theater one night—And that bonnet, as proud as the proudest, Shut out all the stage from his sight.—Exchange.

Assistance Still Needed.

Distressed Female—Oh, please, sir, give me something all the same? Benevolent Gentleman—Why "all the same?"

D. F. (weeping)—Oh, sir, you don't recognize me. I'm the blind man's wife. B. G.—Yes, I remember you, but what's the matter?

D. F.—Oh, sir, we're in fresh trouble. My poor husband has recovered his sight.—Drake's Magazine.

A Settlement Wanted.

Mr. Harlow Bridges was asked by his grocer to pay for six pounds of coffee; "When did I get this coffee?" asked Mr. Bridges with rage stamped on every lineament of his countenance.

"It was last year you got that coffee." "Then it is settled long ago, and if it isn't, coffee that won't settle in a year shouldn't be paid for, anyway."

A motion to consider was promptly laid on the table.—Texas Siftings.

Clearly Untrue.

"What do you think of that artist who painted cobwebs on his ceiling so truthfully that the hired girl wore herself into an attack of nervous prostration trying to sweep them down?"

"There may have been such an artist, but never such a hired girl."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Distinction.

A tuning fork, it may be said, in spite of why and which, Although 'tis used, as is well known To ascertain the pitch, Can ne'er be called by any stretch Of imagination's plea, By what would seem a proper name—A pitchfork, don't you see?—Philadelphia Press.

Exhausted by His Profession.

Seeker—Who is the fellow that comes out of your boarding house every morning and takes the car to ride three blocks to his place of business?

Sage man—Is it possible you don't know him? Why, that's Samson, the champion runner of the Olympian Athletic Club.—Boston Courier.

A Suggestive Fact.

"We are frequently surprised," says Mrs. George Archibald, "to find that some one else stole our original thought long before it occurred to us."—Judge.

A NEW \$12.00 SUIT SALE ON

TOO LATE in the season now to sell all of our Spring and Summer Suits at a profit; so they are yours at a loss. But it is not too late to wear them. You can wear them three months this year and five next. You see, it will pay to buy now. Men's and Young Men's \$25, \$22, \$20 and \$18 Homespun, Cheviot, Worsted and Serge Suits for \$12.00. All sizes, hundreds to pick from and not an old garment in the lot. All new and manufactured by us this season. Great bargains in large and small Boys' Suits.

Browning, King & Co.

Leading American Clothiers.

910 and 912 Chestnut St.

WARREN A. REED.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, cutting and purging the system, and removing all the poisons from the blood, and thus curing the liver and regulating the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache, they are worth the price.

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SOME INSIDE FACTS.

TARIFF ROBBERS WANTED TO WRECK THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Director General Was Obligated to Recall the Obnoxious Order, or Foreign Exhibitors Would Have Withdrawn in a Body—A Complete Exposure.

The country has little knowledge of the extremity to which tariff robbers will go to prevent intelligent people from discovering the robbery practiced on them in the name of protection. Little information has been permitted to escape from committee rooms and confidential conferences about a proposal which, if adhered to, would have totally wrecked the foreign exhibits at the World's Columbian exposition and left that colossal undertaking without representation by any producers except those of the United States. The story is one of the most striking illustrations that could be added to those of tariff history.

It has always been the privilege of foreign exhibitors at international exhibitions to make their own description of their own exhibits. Any other principle would be necessarily absurd and intolerable. If foreign exhibitors may not state in a catalogue, on cases containing goods, in price lists and in advertisements what they please about their own exhibits, they will simply refuse to exhibit, and there is no matter would end. One great object in holding international exhibitions is the comparison of cost of production as well as of processes and materials. It is these comparisons that make international exhibitions great schools of progress. In innumerable lines of industrial activity revolution has been brought about by the study of experts among exhibits of rivals. One reason why a number of British manufacturers refused to participate in our fair was frankly stated—that our skilled workmen would discover the secrets of their workshops and avail of the cheaper methods by which, being older practitioners than we, they are able at lower rates to put many grades of popular goods on the market.

It has also been an invariable rule of foreign exhibitors to admit duty free all foreign exhibits, subject to the domestic tariff only if offered for sale after the conclusion of an exhibition. This rule has been observed in all British, continental and colonial exhibitions. It has also been recognized in the international exhibitions previously held in the United States—that at New York, a failure, in 1853; that at Philadelphia, a success, in 1876. It was covered among the rules officially promulgated for foreign exhibitors by the director general of the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago, 1893. Notwithstanding all but universal grumbling among foreign producers when requested to participate in our fair, they have gradually acquiesced to a considerable degree. They accepted our invitation on the terms in which it was conveyed. These terms implied that the same rules would operate that were recognized by previous international exhibitions.

Meanwhile the American tariff robber was slyly at work. He became alive to the fact that if foreign goods were marked in the World's fair at the figures for which they can be produced and pay a profit to the manufacturer in addition to the cost of production he would be in danger of undoing. Many of the countries from which foreign exhibits are coming are themselves protection countries. Yet they can place on the market goods in many respects superior to ours at prices running from one-third to one-half. While the cry of starved British labor is rung by Republican demagogues the cry of starved French labor will not serve. Causes that starve labor in England—causes not at all related to tariffs—do not exist in France. There land is free and the people are able to feed as well as clothe themselves. How should the American tariff robber keep from the knowledge of Americans visiting the World's fair the fact that in France, a highly prosperous country, its labor the happiest and gayest in the world and a protective country, goods can be put on the market at one-third to one-half their cost in our market, controlled exclusively by the American tariff robber?

An expedient was adopted which came near wrecking the World's fair. Pressure was brought to bear on the director general to prohibit foreign exhibitors from placing any prices on their goods except with the addition of the American McKinley tariff.

Two objects were to be accomplished by this. The first was to sustain the grotesque untruth of McKinley and his followers that "the foreigner pays the tax;" secondly, to deceive the great mass of unreflecting Americans about the real cost of production minus the tariff tax.

British, French, Italian, South American and Canadian exhibitors raised so furious a protest that the director general was compelled to annul the outrageous order, which would have made every foreign exhibitor commit willful falsehood in representing as the price of his goods what in fact was not their price, but the price with the tribute added which the American buyer pays to the American tariff robber. Had the prescription for falsehood not been recalled the foreign exhibitors would have withdrawn in a body. The benefits of the international exposition to the people of the United States these patriotic tariff robbers were ready and anxious to annul rather than that their robbery should be laid bare in the exposition itself.

The lesson is timely. No more complete exposure of the tariff robbery could have been made.—Chicago Herald.

The Fosters' Diplomatic Tendencies.

It was a man named Foster who went to Gloster in a shower of rain; who stepped in a puddle up to his middle and never went there again. Perhaps this tradition of the diplomatic tendencies of the Fosters to get in out of the wet is what makes Mr. Harrison so fond of the family.—St. Louis Republic.

REWARD

For above information; this offer is open until January 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

Pik-Ron is the name of a paint which does work that no other paint can do. New wood painted with it looks like the natural wood when it is stained and varnished.

PAINTERS AND BUILDERS will find it profitable to investigate. All paint stores sell it.

TOLEDO, OHIO.

READ THIS.

When you want a suit of clothes, a new hat, gloves, neckwear and gents' furnishing goods, you should look for the place where you can get just what you want, in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. A few dollars off is always an object, and I am now making up spring and summer suits from a large assortment of goods, to suit all customers, at prices as low as are consistent with good work. Good fits guaranteed. The latest thing in straw hats are now here. Light as a feather. A beautiful line of neckwear, and summer shirts. Accurate measures taken for silk hats.

Next door to First National Bank, Bertsch, The Tailor, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Chief Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

Try it and you will never regret it. For sale by all druggists. Fifty cents a bottle. Also at Moyer Bros.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

MANHERR'S DOUBLE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

Headache, Loss of Appetite, Languid and Tired Feeling. Fifty Cents a Bottle.

MANHERR'S DOUBLE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

The Columbian.
ESTABLISHED 1862.
The Columbian Democrat,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY, CONSOLIDATED 1892.
—PUBLISHED BY—
ELWELL & BITTENBENDER
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
At Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
TERMS:—Inside the county, \$1.00 a year in advance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, \$1.25 a year, strictly in advance. All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892.

FOR PRESIDENT
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
of Illinois.
STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.
GEORGE A. ALLEN, Erie.
THOMAS P. MERRITT, Berks.
FOR SUPREME JUDGE.
CHRISTOPHER HEYDRICK, Venango.
FOR ELECTIONS AT LARGE.
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Tioga.
JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia.
THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin.
DAVID T. WATSON, Allegheny.
FOR DISTRICT ELECTIONS.
Samuel G. Thompson, Chemung.
Adam S. Conway, Adams.
W. Redwood Wright, W. Redwood.
John G. James, Luzerne.
James Duffey, S. W. Trimmer,
Asur Lathrop, Thomas Chalfant,
P. H. Strubinger, Joseph D. Orr,
Andrew A. Payton, Michael Leibell,
J. K. P. Hall.

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.
A meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee will be held on Saturday July 23rd, 1892 at 2 o'clock, in the Grand Jury Room, in the town of Bloomsburg, for the purpose of making an apportionment of Delegates to the several election districts in Columbia County.
JNO. R. TOWNSEND,
County Chairman.
J. H. MERCER,
Secretary.

We announce in the proper place this week the name of Hon. S. P. Wolverton of Sunbury as a candidate for renomination for Congress from this district. He has made a very acceptable representative, is one of the ablest men in the state, and Columbia county will give him her endorsement for a second term undoubtedly, as no other name is announced in this county, nor have we heard any one mentioned in any of the other counties of the district. It looks like a unanimous renomination.

While Mr. Carnegie rests in the shade of Coworth Park, at his Highland summer retreat in Scotland, and his partner, Mr. Phipps, revels in the luxuries of Knebworth Castle and enjoys the society of English noblemen, the managers of their works at Homestead, this State, are building fortifications around and laying hot water pipes through their mills, preparatory to a siege with their workmen, whose wages suffered another reduction on the 1st of July. With Carnegie and Phipps it is a question of greater profits that they may make more liberal contributions to the Republican campaign fund and lavish more money on European homes and European luxuries. With their men it is a question of bread and butter for their families and the simplest and cheapest necessities that human beings can exist upon.—*Easton Sentinel.*

Taxed From Head to Foot.

The American laborer in the most highly protected industries goes upon a strike against the lowering of his wages, wearing a cap taxed 50 per cent., a shirt taxed 80 per cent., and a suit of clothes taxed 100 per cent. He talks the situation over with his wife, and until the Sheriff drags him on him for his rent he rests his feet, wearing shoes taxed 25 per cent. on a carpet taxed fifty per cent. He cuts the bacon produced by the unprotected farmer with a knife taxed 100 per cent., and if his wife cries over their prospects she wipes her eyes with a handkerchief taxed 55 per cent. If she does not persuade him to go back to work at lower wages his place is supplied by the foreign pauper labor of Bohemia or Poland, and he has leisure to reflect on how protection helps him.—*Baltimore News.*

Good Ground for Hope in Illinois.

When you come to think that the Democrats of Illinois have fourteen Representatives in Congress in a delegation of twenty, a majority in the State Legislature and a Democratic Senator, and in 1891 elected their State ticket by a majority of nearly ten thousand votes, it doesn't seem altogether unreasonable to put it in the list of debatable States.

Pattison Will Visit the Troops.

THE CALL TO HOMESTEAD TAKES THE PLACE OF THE ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT.
Governor Pattison has received the following telegram from General Snowden dated Homestead:
"The troops are all in camp and in position. A strong provost patrol is scouring the town. There is no trouble and no prospect of it at this time—6 P. M. Sheriff McCleary has gone home but leaves a representative."

The Governor expects no news from Homestead, believing as he does, that there will be no trouble. He says he will visit the troops there when inspection takes place, as the present outing will take the place of the annual encampment. The men will be drilled and inspected as usual on those occasions, so far as their duties as preservers of the peace will permit.

The Governor said to-night in the course of a conversation relative to the impression which prevails at Homestead and elsewhere, that the troops will have nothing to do with protecting non-union men, that the State authorities will not concern itself with inquiring whether the men are union or non-union men. The troops are there to preserve the peace and to protect all persons in their rights. Colonel Volkmar, of the United States army, is expected here to-night to join the party of inspection as the representative of the United States Government. The party will go to Mount Gretna first.

Cleveland Says No.

HIS WIFE'S NAME MUST NOT BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH CAMPAIGN CLUBS.

The following correspondence explains itself:
"NEW YORK, June 26, 1892.
"MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND:—
"DEAR MADAM:—It gives us great pleasure as representatives of that great body of women of Democratic sympathies to inform you that a Frances Cleveland Influence Club has been formed by the mothers, wives, sisters, and daughters of New York Democrats. We have taken the liberty of using your name for the first of the many Influence Clubs which we trust will spring up throughout the country, and after November 8 will confirm the judgment of that Republican leader regarding 1892, that 'the women did it.'"

"We feel that this campaign is to lift the burden of taxation from the homes of the land, and we, as home defenders, desire a part in the struggle."
"Yours respectfully,
"MARY FROST ORMSBY,
"President Frances Cleveland Influence Club, No. 1."
GRAY GABLES, BUZZARDS BAY, MASS.,
July 6, 1892.

"MRS. MARY FROST ORMSBY:—
"MY DEAR MADAM:—Mrs. Cleveland has referred to me your letter informing her of the organization of a 'Frances Cleveland Influence Club.' It is by no means pleasant to dissent from the methods which sincere friends adopt, when their efforts not only demonstrate their friendliness but when they also seek to subvert the public good and are, therefore, engaged in a patriotic service."

"It is, however, impossible for us to approve of the use of Mrs. Cleveland's name in the designation of clubs designed to do political work."
"We trust you will not undervalue our objection, because it rests upon the sentiment that the name now sacred in the home circle as wife and mother may well be spared in the organization and operation of clubs created to exert political influence."

"Yours very truly,
"GROVER CLEVELAND."

The Situation.

Gov. Pattison called out the troops at the right time and in the right way. He waited as was his plain duty to do, until it became evident that the civil arm was inadequate. He then ordered out the military in such force as to render its simple presence sufficient, probably, to repress all disorder without its actual use. Such action was as humane as it was wise.

There is but one thing for the locked-out men to do. They must submit to the law. They must keep the peace. Their quarrel is with their employers. They must not make it a quarrel with organized society. It is a protest against wage reduction. It must not be made a revolt against law and order. They must not resist the authority of the State. They must not make war upon the community.

On the other hand there ought to be a concerted effort to secure justice for these men. Whatever law or logic may say, it will be a grievous hardship if they are refused, as Mr. Frick threatens, even the opportunity to negotiate for restoration to their employment.

There is no reason for an attitude so vindictive and no justice in it. Society, which properly insists that the men shall not by force exclude the owners of the works from the possession and use of their property, should also insist by every means open to public opinion upon an abandonment of the intolerant attitude assumed toward them by the Carnegie Company. The case is one for negotiation and arbitration, not one for the arbitrary condemnation of men to a permanent loss of employment.—*World*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1892.
Representative Gates of Alabama, who is chairman of the House committee which has gone to Homestead to begin its investigation of the murders at that place by men in the employment of the Pinkertons, is very much in earnest about getting to the bottom of the horrible affair. He could have taken the committee to Homestead sooner, but he wished to give Carnegie's men an opportunity to bury their murdered comrades before calling upon them for testimony. After getting statements from the workmen and from Carnegie's representatives the committee will return to Washington where the two Pinkertons have been summoned, to be put through a most rigid examination as to their share and responsibility for the Homestead tragedy. A number of labor leaders, including Mr. Powderly, have also been notified to appear before the committee when it returns to Washington. Congress has made up its mind, in advance of any report from the committee, that the Pinkerton method of employing and arming bodies of men is vicious and un-American and must go.

Upon being shown that more money would be needed during the current fiscal year than had been appropriated by the House, the House conferees agreed to Senate amendments to the Pension Appropriation bill increasing the total amount carried by the bill nearly \$12,000,000. The bill as it now stands appropriates \$146,737,350.

Senator Wolcott agrees with Senator Vest and others of his colleagues in believing that the U. S. Geological Survey is of very little use aside from furnishing snug berths for friends of its Director, and, as it costs about a million a year, he has introduced a resolution authorizing an investigation as to its usefulness and the necessity for its continuance. The lobbying experience of the Director will make it easy for him to "hang up" this resolution.

For some time a sub-committee of the House committee on Manufactures has been engaged investigating the numerous trusts and combines. Its report to the full committee, just made, says that trusts, combinations and associations are in control of the production, distribution and prices of very many of the articles of most general consumption; that prices to the consumers are increased, while wages of those employed by the trusts are reduced; that all past legislation on the subject is insufficient and impracticable, recommends as a remedy the placing of all articles which are under or may come under the control of a trust upon the free list. This recommendation is neither new nor novel, but it is good, hard, horse sense all the same, and if carried out would throttle nearly every trust now existing in this country.

The House World's Fair committee presented a supplementary report containing additional reasons for making that \$50,000,000 appropriation for the Fair. A minority report, signed by Representative Little, of New York, and Wheeler of Alabama, declares that the exposition is in no sense a government undertaking and that no money should be appropriated therefor, except for the expenses of the national commission. Congressional sentiment is largely in favor of the appropriation, and there is little doubt of its being made.

Senator Mills has gone to Texas to take the stump against the third party movement which, in the absence of serious opposition, has been making considerable progress in that State.

As indicated in this correspondence, weeks ago the House committee which investigated the Pension Office has recommended the dismissal of Commissioner Raum from Office, on the ground of his general unfitness to supervise and govern a large number of employees, and because he has prostituted his office for private gain and for political purposes. The committee also recommends numerous reforms in the business of the Pension Office, including a reduction in the Attorney's fee to \$5, without authority to stipulate for more. This report which will be approved by the House makes pleasant summer reading for Mr. Harrison, who is solely responsible for Raum's continuance in office.

One day's record of the House, under a suspension of the rules: Passed, the tin plate bill, the silver lead ore bill, the bill amending the land grant act of 1890, the bill giving Utah home rule, the bill limiting the quantity of clothing that may be brought in free of duty by returning travelers, and the bill providing for the use of automatic car couplers on all freight trains.

The House committee on Rules will report a special order for the consideration of the free coinage bill on Wednesday and the succeeding legislative day. The bill can be passed under this order if a majority of the House so wills.

Eaglesmere Railroad.

The last rail on the railroad leading to Eagle's Mere, the Summer resort on the top of the mountains, was laid Saturday. The first train steamed up the steep grades, and the whistle of the locomotive for the first time broke the primitive stillness. Passenger trains will be run regularly hereafter.

And Then—What?

General Snowden is in peaceful and complete possession of the Carnegie Works at Homestead. Being as discreet as he is courageous as a soldier, he declined the mockery of a welcome to the storm-centre of lawlessness to the music of the bands of the lawless. There is peace now; but when the narrow of the issue shall be reached, then—what?

Mr. Frick, who fully represents Mr. Carnegie in this struggle, has never misled anyone as to his purpose. He has been bold and explicit in expressing his intention to sever the Homestead works from all control of the Amalgamated Association, and to employ men, either in or out of that organization, who would accept his scale and rules. Being now restored to the possession of his property, he will doubtless employ new men to start his works, and then—what?

This is the very marrow of the dispute, and it was this violently disputed right of Mr. Frick to employ whom he preferred that led to riot and bloodshed and that has brought the troops to Homestead. It is idle to say that the violence was solely against the mercenaries of the Pinkertons. If the workmen had not taken lawless possession of property in which they had no pretense of ownership, to prevent the employment of any but themselves, the Pinkerton men would never have been summoned there; and it should not be forgotten that the troops are now there to do lawfully just what the Pinkerton men were called to do without authority of law. When the new workmen come to start the Homestead works, then—what?

The crucial test of the willingness of the striking men at Homestead to obey the law will come very soon, as Mr. Frick has announced his purpose to start his works with such new labor as he shall find acceptable and such of his employees as shall renounce allegiance to the Association. If the new workmen shall be permitted to enter upon their service without molestation or threat, the mission of the military will be ended. But when these new men come to work, and old employees are invited to desert the Association to retain employment, then—what? *Times.*

The Convention Ended.

CLOSE OF THE GREAT CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR GATHERING IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The last day of the great Christian Endeavorers began at 9 o'clock this morning with a prayer meeting in the Madison Square Garden, conducted by A. B. Pennell, of Boston. Ten thousand delegates were present, and after several prayers and much hymn-singing the meeting adjourned at 10.15 o'clock to enable the delegates to attend regular services in the different evangelical churches of this city.

The afternoon session at the Garden began at 2 o'clock, President Clark presiding. Fully 15,000 delegates were in attendance, despite the intense heat. After the prayer and praise meeting brief reports were received from the committee conferences, under the direction of William Shaw, treasurer of the united society, who reported the greatest enthusiasm had been manifested by the delegates at different denominational rallies held during the convention. At one of them \$1,500 had been subscribed for the completion of a missionary church at Salt Lake City. The Friends or Quakers, he also said, formed a Christian Endeavor Society at yesterday's rally of their delegates.

"Throw Out the Lifeline," was sung by Mr. Stebbins, after which Ira D. Sankey spoke on the subject of Christian Endeavor in Great Britain. He had just returned, he said, from a six months' campaign with Mr. Moody in Scotland and, having attended the National Christian Endeavor Convention, held six weeks ago in the city of Chester, he had an opportunity of seeing something of the working of the society in the old country, and he was glad to say that it was making great progress in England, Scotland and Wales. Ireland, he said, was very far behind, but if there were more Christian Endeavor societies there it would be the best kind of home rule Ireland could have.

An address on gospel temperance was given by John G. Woolley, of Minnesota, followed by singing and a paper entitled "Among the Northwest Indians," by Eric Young, of Toronto, Ont. The Rev. John Henry Barrow, D. D., of Chicago, spoke on the "Possibilities of the World's Fair."

ETNA'S FIRE AND ASHES.

A VILLAGE REDUCED TO RUINS AND MANY THOUGHT TO HAVE PERISHED.

ROME, July 13.—The eruption of Mount Etna is rapidly increasing in violence. The fires in the crater show great activity. Loud explosions are continually taking place. A severe earthquake shock occurred this morning, which reduced to ruins the village of Giarre, on the coast of Sicily five hours' journey from the craters of Mt. Etna.

The population of Giarre is about 18,000. No mention of loss of life is made, but it is feared here that many have perished.

Cyrus W. Field Dead.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y., July 12.—Cyrus W. Field died at 9.50 o'clock this morning at his home at Ardley Park. Those at the deathbed included David Dudley Field, Mrs. Isabella Judson, Cyrus W. Field Judson, Mrs. Dudley Field, Frank Judson and the attending physician.

Cyrus W. Field was born in Stockbridge Mass., November 30, 1819. He was educated in his native village. At the age of 15 he went to New York to carve out his fortune. He obtained a position as clerk in the store of A. T. Stewart. Before he was 21 years old he had saved some money and gone into business on his own account. He began the manufacture and sale of paper, and within a dozen years he was at the head of a large prosperous business. In 1853, having amassed a fortune, he retired from active business.

For thirteen years Mr. Field gave his time to the Atlantic cable. He made scores of visits to Europe, personally oversaw the laying of the first cable, which parted in mid ocean and was lost, but he was not discouraged. The out-break of war delayed the project, but did not dampen his ardor. When the war was over he went to work and secured the co-operation of the United States and Great Britain. Both of the Governments loaned big war ships to assist in laying the cable, and the great work was accomplished on July 27, 1867.

Two cables were laid in the effort to make one complete, and both are in operation to-day. Congress voted him a gold medal and the thanks of the nation. England would have done the same had she not been prevented because he was a foreigner, the Chamber of Commerce of New York a gold medal, thanks of the state of Wisconsin with a gold medal, a decoration from King Victor Emanuel of Italy and an entire service of silver from George Peabody. He was personally a man of striking characteristics keen, alert, vigorous.

A Chance for Composers.

In order to stimulate American composition, *The Ladies' Home Journal* has just made public an attractive series of liberal prizes for the best original musical composition by composers resident in the United States and Canada. The prizes call for a waltz, a piano composition, a pleasing ballad and a popular song, an anthem and the four best hymn tunes. The competition is open until November 1st, next. The opportunity has an additional attractiveness since the prize compositions will form part of a series for which Strauss is writing an original waltz, and Charles Gounod and Sir Arthur Sullivan each an original song.

A "Flyer," Indeed.

THE FASTEST SCHEDULED TRAIN IN AMERICA RUNS FROM PHILADELPHIA TO THE SEA VIA THE READING'S ROYAL ROUTE.

That there is a streak of "sporting blood" in the veins of the most sedate among us is evidenced by the universal interest manifested in railway speeds and the delight with which the average man hails each successive triumph of the locomotive over the combined elements of time and distance.

The much-vaunted "Flying Scotchman" express train between London and Edinburgh, in Great Britain, is still regarded by many persons as the fastest regularly scheduled train in the world. This, however, is a mistake, the speed of the "Scotchman" having been excelled by several railroads in this country, notably by the New York Central, whose "Empire State Express" between New York and Buffalo has, until within a few days, claimed the title of the fastest regular train in the world. This celebrated train runs from New York to Buffalo, a distance of 440 miles, in eight hours and forty minutes, which is at the rate of seventy-one seconds to each mile, or fifty and two-thirds miles per hour. Deducting all stops the average running time of this train is fifty-two and twelve one-hundredths miles per hour.



Mr. Chas. N. Hauer
Of Frederick, Md., suffered terribly for over ten years with abscesses and running sores on his left leg. He wasted away, grew weak and thin, and was obliged to use a cane and crutch. Everything which could be thought of was done without good result, until he began taking
Hood's Sarsaparilla
which effected a perfect cure. Mr. Hauer is now in the best of health. Full particulars of his case will be sent him on address.
C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.
HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, never dislodge, cure headache and biliousness.

Now, however, comes a new claimant for high speed honors. It has been discovered that the Reading Railroad's 3:30 P. M. train from Philadelphia to Atlantic City, known as the "Seventy-Minute Flyer," is actually the fastest regularly scheduled passenger train in the world. The distance from Chestnut street wharf to Camden terminus of the railroad is about a mile and a half, and the ferry-boat trip and transfer of the passengers from the cars occupies ten minutes. This leaves sixty minutes for the rail ride, and that is precisely the time allowed by the schedule to cover the fifty-five and a half miles which intervene between the Camden depot and the station in Atlantic City. A little figuring will show that this is a speed of sixty-five seconds to the mile, or a rate of fifty-five and a half miles per hour, beating the former record six seconds per mile and almost five miles per hour.

It should be understood that this refers to the speed of regular scheduled trains over the entire length of their scheduled runs, and not to mere bursts of speed or stretches of fast running to make up for lost time or delays. The rate of fifty-five and a half miles per hour is exceeded every day on the Reading Railroad, and possibly on some other lines, but on no railroad in the world, so far as known, is there a train run from end to end of its route at so great an average speed as that of the "Seventy Minute Flyer."

When the latter was established it was not with the purpose of breaking a record, but the officials were confident of their ability to run a train safely and promptly in the specified time, or less if required. It was determined, however, to limit the train to six cars in order to insure quickness. This was found to be impracticable, and for more than a week the train has been carrying eight cars, including one or more heavy Pullmans, and making schedule time on every trip.

President M'Leod can now congratulate himself that his road holds the "world's record" for the fastest mile (39.45 seconds, as timed August 27, 1891, by President M'Leod, Mr. William M. Singler, of the Philadelphia Record, and others), and also has upon its time table the fastest regular train in the world.



It's flying in the face of Nature to take the ordinary pill. Just consider how it acts. There's too much bulk and bustle, and not enough real good. And think how it leaves you when it's all over!

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets act naturally. They help Nature to do her own work. They cleanse and renovate, mildly but thoroughly, the whole system. Regulate it, too. The help that they give, lasts.

They're purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, the smallest, easiest, and best to take. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels are promptly relieved and permanently cured. One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet for a gentle laxative—three for a cathartic.

They're the cheapest pill you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You pay only for the good you get. This is true only of Dr. Pierce's medicines.

CANDIDATES CARDS.

List of Candidates to be voted for at the delegate election, held Saturday, August 6th, 1892, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock p. m. Nominating convention Tuesday August 9th.

- FOR CONGRESS.
S. P. WOLVERTON,
of Sunbury.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
GUY JACOBY,
of Bloomsburg.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
of Bloomsburg.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
R. G. F. KSHINKA,
of Briarclerk.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
of Catawissa.
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
CHARLES M. BLAKER,
of Greenwood.

SOCIETY CARDS.
Members or any of the orders in town can obtain appropriate cards at THE COLUMBIAN office. Samples in great variety can be seen.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892.

About forty guests are registered at Proctor Inn, Jamison City.

W. Neal and Sons' furnace chilled on Thursday of last week and had to shut down.

Ex-sheriff J. B. Casey has laid a fine stone pavement along the front of his residence on Iron street.

D. E. Miller is manufacturing an excellent article of Keystone root beer at Espy. Try it.

A cow belonging to Thomas Gorrey fell into Masteller's lime kiln on Monday and was killed.

The M. E. Sunday School had a picnic at Rupert on Tuesday. It was a beautiful day and the attendance was large.

Berwick and Bloomsburg will play base ball at Athletic Park on Saturday at three o'clock. Admission 15 cents, ladies free.

Bryogle Bros. market is closed for a couple of days, owing to the death of their grandmother, Mrs. Gould. They will be open again on Saturday morning.

Rev. T. Bruce Birch, who is a member of the Junior class in the Theological Seminary, Gettysburg, Pa., and one of our town boys, preached in the Lutheran church Sunday morning.

The Lightstreet and Espy M. E. churches will go on an excursion to Central on the B. & S. on Saturday July 23rd. If stormy on that day it will be postponed to Wednesday 27th.

H. P. Chamberlin has been in town for several days making arrangements to open his new steam laundry on Centre street as soon as the building is completed.

Third street has been much improved between Jefferson and West, by filling in with the loose stone hauled from Market. It has been a bad spot there for years, in wet weather.

C. G. Duffy, the Market square photographer, made negatives of the K. G. E. arch, and Market square arch on the 4th, and has pictures for sale. They show a good view of Main street in holiday attire.

The furniture for the Parish House has arrived, and is admirably suited for the purposes intended. There will probably be a formal opening of the Parish House soon, of which due notice will be given.

While driving down Main street on Tuesday evening with several children in the carriage, H. G. Sherwood's team started to run and were not stopped until they reached the top of the hill. One of them kicked and got its leg over the pole. No one hurt.

Harry Cadow was thrown from a horse on Saturday evening while riding through Espy. The horse ran into a buggy containing two ladies and a baby, and threw the rider and overturned the buggy. Cadow was considerably bruised.

Rev. P. A. Heilman left on the P. & R. train Thursday morning to attend the Christian Endeavor convention in New York. The Lutheran Society elected these delegates, Misses Mellah Turnbach, Hattie Richardson and the pastor, all of whom attended.

On Saturday the 23rd a Harvest Home Picnic and Excursion will be taken to Central Park. Music, speaking, refreshments, and other good things to be had on the ground. Look out for particulars next week. Under auspices of Light-Street and Espy M. E. Church.

The strip of two feet between the pavement and the gutter in front of the Episcopal church and Rectory has been nicely sodded, and made ready for cobbling in the gutter. A heavy rain will wash it all out. The street commissioner should attend to the cobbling without further delay, as the town would likely be at the expense of doing the work a second time.

"I was prostrated with a severe bilious complaint," writes Erastus Southworth, of Bath, Me. "After vainly trying a number of remedies, I was finally induced to take Ayer's Pills. I had scarcely taken two boxes when I was completely cured."

'NOW WE SMILE.'

Under the above headline, in the columns of the *Bloomsburg Daily* and the *Democratic Sentinel* of July 7th, appeared the following effusion of a brilliant intellect:

'NOW WE SMILE.'

"Two red hot binder contests took place Tuesday. The first at Wm. Masteller's between the Johnston Continental Binder, sold by H. V. White & Co., and the New Deering Binder, sold by D. W. Kitchen. The wheat was very large and badly tangled, the weather rainy, the ground hilly, and both machines were tested to the utmost, but long before noon Mr. Kitchen very gracefully conceded the victory to the Johnston and left the field.

After dinner the contest was renewed at Howard Ohl's between the Johnston and the Osborne, handled by C. H. Bomboy. Here again both machines were thoroughly tried and White & Co. carried off the victory. In both cases White & Co. had placed the Johnston Binder ready for operation with a guarantee it would do good work, and the other machine came in to "knock out the Johnston," but they couldn't and "NOW WE SMILE."

H. V. WHITE & CO.

MORAL.—Try the Johnston Binder before you buy."

Were it not for the malicious misrepresentation of facts, the article would be beneath our notice.

We did not "concede the victory to the Johnston and leave the field." When Mr. Masteller expressed his desire to test the merits of the two machines without the assistance of either agent, we left the field trusting to the integrity of our competitors to do likewise. They however remained upon the premises, and when next we saw our machine, "we smiled" at the re-adjustments that had been made after we left the field, to make our binder work at a disadvantage.

Such an unmanly, contemptible act as that needs no comment from us. In the eyes of a right minded public, it speaks for itself.

We always smile from a sincere feeling of pleasure. We never purchase our "smiles".

Another Binder contest took place on the farm of Joseph Zeisloft, near Jerseytown, between the Deering Junior Steel Binder and the Johnston Continental Binder, on July 8th.

This time we were wise enough to stand by our machine, and with a "smile that was child-like and bland" we watched the Famous Deering whip the Johnston at every turn; and we are sorry to record that our competitors did not leave the field and "concede the victory to us" in a very "graceful manner". But then we presume the extreme warm weather accounts for the condition of their temper.

We desire to express our thanks to Mess. H. V. White & Co., for the assistance rendered to our customer on Summer Hill, and to assure them that we fully appreciate their kindness.

In closing we would bring to the mind of our esteemed competitors the old adage: "He laughs last, who laughs best." D. W. KITCHEN.

MORAL.—When you "smile" be sure to "smile" at the proper time.

REPLY TO D. W. KITCHEN.

The following letter from William Masteller and his two sons, three of the most reputable men of the County and whose character and reputation for honesty and integrity cannot be questioned, explains itself:—

H. V. WHITE & CO.

GENTLEMEN:—After reading the account in the *Bloomsburg Daily* of yesterday of the Binder contest at our place last week we feel that we owe you a statement of just how this matter was—

When you came, in May last, to sell us a Johnston Binder, we agreed that you could set one up on our barn floor and when the time came we would try it and if it did as good work as any Binder we would keep it and pay \$125.00 for it. Some time after your machine was in our barn Mr. Kitchen came and agreed to pay us \$5.00 to get one of his Deering Binders to try with ours. We accepted his offer, brought out his binder, notified you and fixed upon the day for the contest. Both were on hand as stated and each worked his machine for all it was worth. We did not invite the agents to leave the field as stated, but did invite you and your men to take dinner with us and you did. Neither you nor your men, nor any one else, "readjusted" the Deering Binder in Mr. Kitchen's absence and it was unfair and unkind in him to state that you had done so mean a trick, or that we had permitted it. The contest was fair and honorable, in the presence of some twenty-five men, and your Binder done the best work and ran much lighter and we decided to keep it and pay the price agreed upon, (\$125.00). In fact we could do nothing else, as honorable men, as it had done all we could ask and you had fulfilled your part of the contract. When Mr. Kitchen came back the next day and in your absence we tried his Binder again, we consented to do so to give him a fair show and in going once around the field the sheep carrier failed to ground and when you and your men to the grain the machine would not cut six feet wide, and we condemned it and returned it and he paid us as he had agreed. Now this is just how it all was and we think it was wrong and mean for Mr. Kitchen to misrepresent the case.

(Signed,) D. H. MASTELLER, W. CLAUD MASTELLER, WM. MASTELLER.

The above statement must prove conclusively that D. W. Kitchen deliberately and maliciously misrepresented the facts connected with the contest at Mr. Masteller's and "in the eyes of a right minded public, it speaks for itself.

We did not represent the Johnston

Binder at Mr. Zeisloft's as it was out of our territory but we know that Mr. Zeisloft refused to permit a contest on July 8th, stating that he had purchased Mr. Kitchen's Binder and would not try any other. He said Mr. Kitchen paid him \$5. cash to bring out the Deering Binder, gave him a bale of twine and a truck for his "Famous Deering" Folding Binder. We submit that it is much easier to understand, why Mr. Kitchen sported a "Smile that was child-like and bland", than to understand what he meant when he stated "we never purchase our smiles". Mr. Kitchen's Summerhill customer, Silas Shuman, saw Mr. Creveling tugging along a "Famous Deering" with three horses and then saw Mr. McBride cut a wider swath with two small horses in a Johnston and it required no bribe on our part to get him to return the Deering and buy a Johnston. and Mr. Kitchen with the aid of Shuman's father-in-law whom he brought from Millville, could not coerce Mr. Shuman to reconsider and take the Deering. These are the facts in the several cases. We have not cut prices on a single binder. We are not ashamed of our record. We are sorry to be obliged to reply to the malicious falsehoods used to injure us after the harvest is over. We refer the public to our customers and have nothing more to say.

H. V. WHITE & CO.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council was held Thursday evening all the members being present with the exception of F. P. Drinker. Vice President William Kramer presided in his absence.

Upon motion of Peacock and Holmes the bill of L. E. Waller amounting to \$208.00 for Solicitor last year was accepted and ordered paid. The following bills were also ordered paid:

H. J. Clark, bunting for City	
Hall.....	\$19 20
Nathan Chromis, police service	5 00
F. P. Baum " " "	1 00
Bloomsburg Water Co. meter..	13 40
" " " for City	
Hall.....	4 44
J. A. Hutchins & Co.	4 32
H. V. White & Co.	50
B. F. Sharpless Mdse.....	9 08
" " " Plow.....	7 00
Water Co. rent 50 hydrants	
June 1 to July 1.....	83 33
Water Co. rent 1 hydrant June 1 to July 1.....	83
William Webb, coal oil.....	50
M. C. Woodward, Town Constable for June.....	4 17
H. R. Ringler, Secretary.....	15 00
Mrs. M. A. Finney for sewer.....	17 60
John Cadman appeared before the Council and represented the crossing over First Street at his residence as being in a bad condition. Upon motion of Rhoades and Gorry it was ordered raised and repaired. The bond of J. H. Maize, Treasurer, was unanimously approved. Upon motion of Holmes and Rhoades the resolutions which have been passed establishing the grade and regulating the width of the pavement on Fourth, Sixth, Eighth and Market streets was ordered published.	

The Street Commissioner was authorized and required to remove at once all posts from Market street that were not in accordance with the resolution passed at the last meeting regulating the same.

The street commissioner was instructed to inform the owner of the lot at the corner of Market and Fourth streets, and known as the "Pursel" lot, that unless the pavement along Fourth street was laid at once the town would do the same and collect the bill in the usual manner. He was also instructed to settle the line between Gideon Heist and John B. Casey and put the alley in a proper condition.

C. W. Miller appeared before the council and desired them to issue an order to Michael Ohl for \$550, the contract price for the Catherine street bridge. Upon investigation it was ascertained that the money was not to be paid until the same is fully completed and the filling done. Consequently his request was refused.

Upon motion of Holmes and Gilmore, and which was unanimously carried, the Water Co. was instructed to extend their main at the Normal School a distance of about one hundred feet with six inch pipe and also erect a new hydrant at such place as shall be designated by the committee on fire. The fire hydrant which is close to the school building to be removed so as to make it available in case of fire.

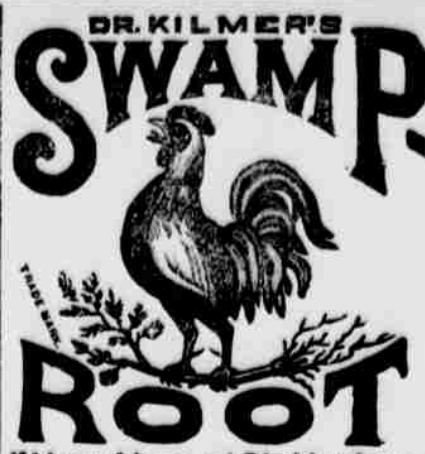
The Appeal Day, upon motion of Holmes and Gorry was fixed on the 28 of July inst, between the hours of 2 and 6 p. m. and Wesley Knorr was appointed to serve the tax notices, he to receive for his services the sum of ten dollars.

The Street Commissioner was instructed to inform the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Co. that they must repair Fifth street west of said railroad.

The President and Secretary were empowered to take further action looking toward the publication of the Town Ordinances.

Upon motion, the President ap-

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.



Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism, Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver, Impaired digestion, gout, biliousness, headache, SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, La Grippe, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood, Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility. Swamps the contents of the blood. If not healed, Druggists will refund to you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health"—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

pointed Peacock, Holmes and Rhoades a committee to petition the court for a decree allowing the town to invest the David Stroup bequest of \$2000 in a fountain to be erected on Market Square, said committee to have the power of making the selection subject however, to the decision of the Council. And as the Water Co. have offered to supply the said fountain free of charge, the said committee is also authorized to enter into such an agreement with them.

Upon motion of Gorry and Holmes the lease with the Land Improvement Co. was accepted and Gilmore, Peacock and Holmes were appointed a committee to execute the same.

The petition of William Ferguson for a sewer from his new house on Fifth street to West street was granted and ordered laid.

Gorry and Rhoades were appointed a committee to consider the advisability of removing the fence around Oak Grove and report at the next meeting.

Upon motion of Holmes and Rhoades the President was ordered to make a monthly statement to the Council of all fines and show licenses received, as well as the sewer permits granted, together with the names of all parties arrested during the month. Adjourned to July 28, 1892.

WITH Ely's Cream Balm a child can be treated without pain and with perfect safety. It cures catarrh, hay fever and colds in the head. It is easily applied into the nostrils and gives immediate relief. Price 50 cents.

MY CATARRH was very bad. For thirty years I have been troubled with it—have tried a number of remedies without relief. A druggist advised Ely's Cream Balm. I have used only one bottle and can say I feel like a new man. I make this voluntary statement that others may know of the Balm. J. W. MATHERSON, (Lawyer), Pawtucket, R. I. 7 8-2t.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined, if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all, eight bottles: it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at C. A. Klein's Drug store, regular size, 50c. and \$1.00.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office July 26, 1892.

Lucinda Bernhard, Dr. Isreal Barlot, Miss Laura A. Buddinger, Miss Clara Creasy, H. E. Ellsworth, Miss Fannie Fry, Miss Hattie Hartman, Bertha L. Hess, Martha Pursel, Mrs. Annie Reynolds, Mr. Alex. Samuels, Mr. W. B. Savage, John Young.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised July 12, 1892. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Lace straws for 25 cts. at Stohner's

BRISTOL H.

is a young stallion, two years old, owned by C. E. Hower of Bloomsburg. He was sired by the celebrated trotter, Frank M., some of whose colts have made great records. His dam is a Morgan mare with three minute record. Bristol H. will stand for the season of 1892 at the stable of C. E. Hower, Bloomsburg. Terms \$25.00 if

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A nobby line of summer shirts at Lowenberg's.

Clearing out Light Suits; a few left at Lowenberg's

Nice lace straws for ladies and children, 37 cts. at Stohner's.

Wall paper and window curtains at W. H. Brooke & Co.

Hats trimmed free of charge this month at Stohner's.

Russet shoe polish at Dentler's 20 cents.

Female Weakness Positive cure To THE EDITORS.—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above and one this which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, DR. W. B. MARCHESI, 90 GRASSHOPPER ST., UTAH, N. Y.

TO THE PUBLIC.

B. W. Jury, a practical builder of many years experience, has located in Bloomsburg, and is now ready to make estimates and take contracts for the erection of buildings either large or small. Office in Columbian Building, 3rd floor, in S. Neyhard's room.

5-20-3m.

Straw hats, and Flowers all reduced at Stohner's.

Mrs. Stohner has just returned from Phila. with the latest novelty in Summer Millinery.

Mens' shoes in great variety at Dentler's.

For Wall Paper and Window Shades go to Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

A full stock of ladies, and childrens, Oxford ties at Dentler's.

Get a cheap and stylish hat now at Stohner's. No charge for trimming.

Shoes in fine and medium grades in prices to suit all at Dentler's.

Some very choice wall paper remnants this week large enough to cover rooms 12x14x9. Suitable for all rooms. Decided bargains if they fit your rooms at W. H. Brooke & Co.

A Full line of Childrens' and Misses' shoes at popular prices at Dentler's.

For a full line of Ladies' Oxford Ties, call at Dentler's.

Deeds, single and double acknowledgement, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Fifty dozen window curtains just opened on Monday—prices from 25c. to \$1.50 each at W. H. Brooke & Co.

A fine crayon portrait given with every \$10 worth of goods purchased at J. A. Hess, the shoe dealer.

Window curtains continue to go. Prices from 25c. to \$1.50

Are you going to paper your rooms? If so perhaps you can deal better with us than any where else. At least we can tell you what we can do if you give us a chance. W. H. Brooke & Co.

Don't fail to call at J. A. Hess', and examine his fine line of shoes for summer wear, Oxford Ties, etc., before purchasing elsewhere.

No old goods, all new styles. When we secure a bargain our customers have the benefit.

See our large hats for children, only 25 cts., at Stohner's.

Glasses fitted free of charge at J. G. Wells'. All work guaranteed.

Clerical coats in Alpaca etc., at Lowenberg's.

Russet shoes, dark and light, high and low, \$3 to \$5. at F. D. Dentler's

Pretty straws for children at Lowenberg's.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by C. A. Klein.

PURE OLD RYE AND WHEAT WHISKY.

We formerly had bonded warehouse room sufficient to store 8,000 gallons of whiskey, which we considered a stock sufficient to meet our trade, but we found however, the demand for our whiskey such, that for us to be able to get a larger stock of old whiskey, we were compelled to increase our storage room and have just completed an Ironclad bonded warehouse with a capacity sufficient to store 20,000 gallons of whiskey.

We aim to sell no whiskey less than one year old and from that on up to the oldest we have in stock except in original packages, thereby giving our patrons the benefit of the age.

What we claim over a great many other distillers: FIRST: Briarcreek being a rich fertile valley, we are able to get a superior quality of grain to manufacture our whiskey from. SECOND: Having our distilling mill in connection with our distillery we clean all our grain for distillation over a rigid process of the smelter, thereby making it as clean as the grain that is ground into flour.

THIRD: We hand mash, double distill our whiskey and then re-distill on a copper still.

FOURTH: We teach our whiskey well thereby getting out the full oil and all impurities, which new whiskey contains.

FIFTH: We use no second-hand barrels, our whiskey is all put in new, clean, Indiana White Oak barrels which is considered the best barrel in the market.

SIXTH: It is a known fact that the better whiskey is kept the faster it will age, therefore, we heat our bonded warehouse with steam so the thermometer will register 70 degrees, when the temperature is at zero.

We have never distilled any corn, and do hereby guarantee all our whiskey, positively pure rye or wheat and for purity and quality we defy competition, and to any person who will find any poisonous drug in our whiskey, put in by us, as it leaves our distillery or sales-room we will forfeit \$200.00.

ASH & BRO., BRIDGECREEK, Col. Co. Pa.

6-10-3mo.

CARNEGIE'S CHARITY

HE SAYS PROTECTION RAISES WAGES,
YET HE REDUCES THEM.

Opinions of the Leading Newspapers of the Outrageous Condition of Affairs at the "Protected" Homestead Mills of Carnegie & Co.

The works have been inclosed by a high board fence of double thickness, and preparations have been made for an extended siege. Water pipes have been laid to different parts of the fence so that an attacking party can be resisted with hot or cold water, and electric wires have been strung along the top. It is now almost certain that the Carnegies are about to precipitate a great struggle between capital and labor. They have decided upon their course deliberately. They will undoubtedly fight the battle to a finish.—Buffalo Enquirer.

Promise and Practice.

But now comes the report that Mr. Carnegie is to make a cut in wages. The laborers expected a rise, for had he not predicted that result? And is he not a practical man? The McKinley bill is in full blast, but where is the promised millennium? Instead of raising wages they are to be lowered. Mr. Carnegie has managed to make both ends meet under the beneficent influence of the high tariff, but his laborers are hereafter to receive only half a loaf. The proprietor of the steel works has a larger income than he can spend, but the men at his work benches and forges, with a reduction of 30 per cent their incomes, are well nigh desperate.—New York Herald.

Carnegie Caused It All.

The Amalgamated association speakers who at a meeting at Homestead a short time ago said that they had voted for high tariff and got high fences. Pinkerton detectives and militia, will have to change that a little and admit that with these have been given also hot water, search lights and a fortified and loopholed stockade. Mr. Carnegie, one of the chief beneficiaries of the protective tariff, is the gentleman who is cutting down the wages of these men and forcing them to accept the reduction or to lose their situations.—Harrisburg Patriot.

A Rule Which Doesn't Work.

Just as the Republicans are opening the campaign with a ringing endorsement of protection in their platform, it is very unfortunate for them that Andrew Carnegie now proposes to reduce the wages of his host of toilers from 10 to 50 per cent. Mr. Carnegie's various large iron industries enjoy the benefits of high protection, a policy which according to Mr. Harrison should result in increased wages for the workmen; and yet this tremendous cut is proposed under the full swing of McKinleyism.—Atlanta Constitution.

Hypocritical Twaddle.

It is a matter of history that while riding on the top wave of Republican favor, yelling about the "ennobling of American labor," in order to delude American workmen into voting the Republican ticket, he (Carnegie) was secretly contracting for Italians, Hungarians and Bohemians, whom he imported to this country to take the place of the American workmen in his employ who demanded that they receive more than starvation wages for their labor.—Hartford Times.

A Sad Commentary.

The Pittsburgh situation is a sad commentary on the workings of McKinleyism. In the last presidential campaign Mr. Carnegie contributed \$100,000 to that cause, which he could well afford to do; and then, as soon as Harrison was elected, scaled his workmen's wages by 10 per cent. This year he was getting ready for another reduction, but he seems to be having some trouble about it. It is a weary business—bad in every way you look at it.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Robbing Miners to Pay Assessments.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie and the rest of the Pittsburgh steel barons recognize the necessity of making liberal subscriptions to the Harrison campaign fund; but they want to wring the money out of the wages of the men who toil in their mills.—Philadelphia Record.

Another Bar! from Carnegie.

In order to square himself with the president for precipitating a labor disturbance it will be necessary for Mr. Carnegie to forward to the White House another barrel of that good old Scotch, freight prepaid.—Chicago Mail.

Labor and Electrocutation.

Labor and electrocution acquire an intimate relation at the hands of the great protector, who has always been so conspicuously active in the cause of keeping out "pauper labor."—Boston Globe.

Their Usual Diet.

Mr. Carnegie should hasten back from his baronial halls. His employees will soon be crying for bread, and all they are likely to get is a campaign document.—Boston Herald.

The Principal Thing, in Fact.

Carnegie's men protesting against a reduction in wages is not a very good boom for the Republican campaign on the beauties of protection.—Sioux City Tribune.

The Most Harmful Weapon.

Winchester rifles are pretty efficient weapons in repelling invaders, but they are as peashooters compared with Bill McKinley's little law.—Chicago Mail.

It's the Kind That Pays.

The co-operation that Tariff Baron Carnegie believes in is the co-operation of McKinleyism and Pinkerton's Hessians.—New York World.

A Queer Appointment.

In the course of Mr. Foster's private practice as an international lawyer he was entirely free to seek clients and cases and earn fees. If in the relation of client and counsel or otherwise as a confidential adviser he took on disabilities for the office to which he has been, as it seems to us, rather heedlessly appointed, that fact was not in any way discreditable to him. But the president's ignorance of his disabilities is inexcusable. One secretary of state has just "thrown up his job" with about as much form and ceremony as a bricklayer might exhibit in a similar proceeding. Another secretary of state succeeds to the portfolio the news of whose appointment will be received with a shrug and a smile in more than one foreign office.—New York Times.

Foster's Appointment a Blunder.

It is a blunder, because it gives two cabinet offices to Indiana, a state which has already received more than its share of federal favors. It is a blunder, because it throws discredit on the administration and weakens the popular confidence in the president's judgment of the fitness of men for the duties of the offices under his control. Finally, it is a blunder because it will cast an air of truth over the story current a week or two ago, that Foster's officiousness caused Blaine to resign, and thus will be a mortal affront to the ex-secretary and his friends.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.).

Foster's Not in That Rank.

It has been the custom, which almost attained the force of unwritten law, to place in that position a man of the highest standing in the statesmanship of the party. The list of secretaries of state, including Blaine, Bayard, Frelinghuysen, Fish, Seward, Buchanan, Clay and Webster, is sufficient to illustrate this practice. However respectable and efficient Mr. Foster's public services have been, it cannot be claimed for him that he stands in the rank represented by these names.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Indeed He Will.

The men and the influences that opposed Harrison's renomination at Minneapolis captured the organization of the new Republican state committee of New York. This will be very embarrassing to Mr. Harrison. Mr. Platt may have retired from national politics, but he still has a lively interest in state politics, and he will have something to say regarding the election of a United States senator in case the Republicans should control the next legislature.—Buffalo Courier.

Blaine's Friends Won't Forget It.

A remarkable story was recently told by Mr. Michael H. de Young, of San Francisco. It represented Mr. Foster as having forced the resignation of Mr. Blaine by insulting him at a conference with the Canadians who were in Washington seeking reciprocity. Mr. Blaine expressed certain views concerning the subject under consideration. "Those are not the president's views," remarked Mr. Foster curtly, according to Mr. de Young.—New York Sun.

The Force Bill Issue to Stay.

The effort that is being made among conservative Republicans to eliminate the force bill issue from the canvass is not meeting with much encouragement from President Harrison. His position on this question is such as to preclude putting it in the background, and he has taken the liberty of saying as much. The force bill issue is in the campaign to stay.—Boston Herald.

Tammany Is Enthusiastic.

If anybody has been calculating upon a Tammany lukewarmness this year to help the Republicans he must have been rudely undeceived by Tammany's enthusiasm on the Fourth. All Democrats are Democrats this year—and a good many other voters as well.—New York World.

And It Won't, Either.

As yet the New York Tribune has vouchsafed no advice on the labor trouble in the iron region. The editor of The Tribune hasn't sufficiently adjusted himself to the labor question to be able to write more than a stick of brevity of suggestions.—Chicago Mail.

Two Direct Statements.

"The officeholders nominated Mr. Harrison," says Citizen Blaine. "Let them elect him!" says Citizen Blaine.—Philadelphia Record.

Campaign Song.

[Melody—"The Union Forever."]
We are marching to the battle, boys,
We are marching once again,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover,
We will rally 'round the ticket, boys,
And rally once again,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.

Chorus.

Democracy forever,
Hurrah, boys, hurrah!
Benny thinks he's clever,
But Grover wins the day,
We will rally 'round the ticket, boys,
We'll rally once again,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.

Away with sham protection, boys,
The people want reform,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover,
It makes the rich man richer, boys,
But has the poor man's scorn—
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.
Chorus.

We do not want a Force bill, boys,
We'll crush it to the ground,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover,
This country is for freemen, boys,
Its equal can't be found—
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.
Chorus.

We want an honest dollar, boys,
That's worth a hundred cents,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover,
Can't fool the people always, boys,
They have good common sense—
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.
Chorus.

Now let us work together, boys,
For Cleveland and reform,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover,
And let us win the victory, boys,
For millions yet unborn,
Shouting the battle cry of Grover.
Chorus.

—New York World.

TAYLOR THE DEMOCRAT.

He Is Reasonably Certain of Election Over Taylor the Republican.

There are two candidates for the position of secretary of state for the state of Ohio, one representing the Democrats and the other the Republicans, but when the votes are counted next November it is reasonably certain, from present appearances, that the Republican won't be in it. In other words, William A. Taylor, the Democratic nominee, will be elected. Mr. W. A. Taylor was born in Perry county, O., fifty years ago. He began teaching school when but sixteen years of age, devoting his spare time to the study of law, being admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-one. In 1868 he renounced the law and entered the ranks of journalism and became identified with the Cincinnati Enquirer. He afterward worked on the Pittsburg Post, the New York Sun and at one time had editorial charge of the Pittsburg Telegraph. He subsequently returned to the Cincinnati Enquirer, where he now is. During the war he served as a private in General Birney's brigade. Mr. Taylor is an author of considerable note, his published works including "American Presidents and Contemporaneous Rulers," "The Peril of the Republic" and "Ohio Statesmen and Hundred Year Book." He resides in Columbus with his family, a wife and one son.



W. A. TAYLOR.

He Will Be No Nonsense.

It is remarkable to what extent the expressions of satisfaction over the nomination of Mr. Stevenson come from the Democrats in all parts of the country. Those who know him personally are enthusiastic in their expressions. He is a man not only of the highest integrity, but of strong personal magnetism and force of character, and should the ticket on which his name appears be elected it is predicted that he will not be the nonentity that vice presidents usually are.—Baltimore News.

Satisfaction with the Ticket.

The nominations of Cleveland and Stevenson have been received with the utmost enthusiasm throughout Indiana. No Democratic ticket, not excepting that which contained the talismanic name of Hendricks, was ever so handsomely or so numerously ratified in Indiana within so short a time after it was named. From all parts of the state come reports of the intense satisfaction with which Democrats have received the action taken at Chicago.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Well, Hardly.

In 1890 the Independents of Nebraska polled 70,187 votes, the Republicans 68,878 and the Democrats 71,331 for governor. The allied Democratic and Independent strength in the congressional struggle was still greater. As the anti-Republican sentiment in the state is stronger this year than in 1890 it is clear that Harrison will not get her eight electoral votes without a desperate fight.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

An Absurd Appointment.

We are of the opinion that Mr. Foster's elevation will not impress the country as a great or altogether fitting appointment. We must say that he hardly measures up to the stature of the men who have heretofore filled the chair of state—Webster, Marcy, Seward, Fish, Bayard, Blaine—not to mention those of earlier days. Perhaps the appointment is only intended to be temporary.—Indianapolis News.

A Heavy Load.

Joe Fifer's officeholders are beginning the campaign in Illinois early. They feel that the depression in the Republican ranks which has followed the humiliation of Blaine, the nomination of Harrison and the appointment of Foster, together with the weight of state issues against them, is a heavy load which can only be carried under the inspiration of music and fireworks.—St. Louis Republic.

Too Many Cooks Spoil the Broth.

The story that the president will form a personal campaign committee, not to take the place of the national committee, but to act with it as an advisory board, is a queer indication of whether the politicians are drifting. The broth might possibly thrive under such a multiplicity of cooks, but if so the event would be a reversal of the culinary wisdom of the ages.—Philadelphia Record.

Whistling to Keep Up Courage.

The pretended glee of Benjamin Harrison and his monopoly organs over the radical utterance of the Democratic platform on the tariff question suggests the valor of the boy who whistled to keep his courage up. That platform is no laughing matter—to a Republican tariff robber.—Chicago Herald.

A Bad Year for Clarkson.

Clarkson, the bull player, has been released. This isn't a good year for the Clarkson family, anyway. It will be remembered that President Harrison got onto James' curves the other day and knocked him out of the box.—Chicago Mail.

Nothing New in Crime.

"There is nothing new in crime," is Bourke Cockran's apt way of accounting for the resemblance between the force bill programme and the historic devices of tyranny to control the expression of the popular will.—New York World.

All the "Shuns."

The depression in the iron trade still continues; ditto the repression, oppression, suppression and several other things ending in the suggestive sound of "shun."—New York Herald.



Countless cases of female complaints, such as leucorrhoea, ovarian troubles, organic diseases of the uterus or womb, displacements, Bearing-down Feeling, causing pain, weight, and backache, inflammation, nervousness, have been permanently cured by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

the only truly reliable and harmless remedy for all forms of female complaints. Its success is world-famed.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Laxative, on receipt of \$1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

J. R. SMITH & Co.

LIMITED.

MILTON, Pa.,

DEALERS IN

PIANOS,

By the following well-known makers:

Chickering,

Knabe,

Weber,

Hallet & Davis.

Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers' prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

—O.O.—

Catalogue and Price Lists

On application.

THOMAS GORREY

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER.

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgage

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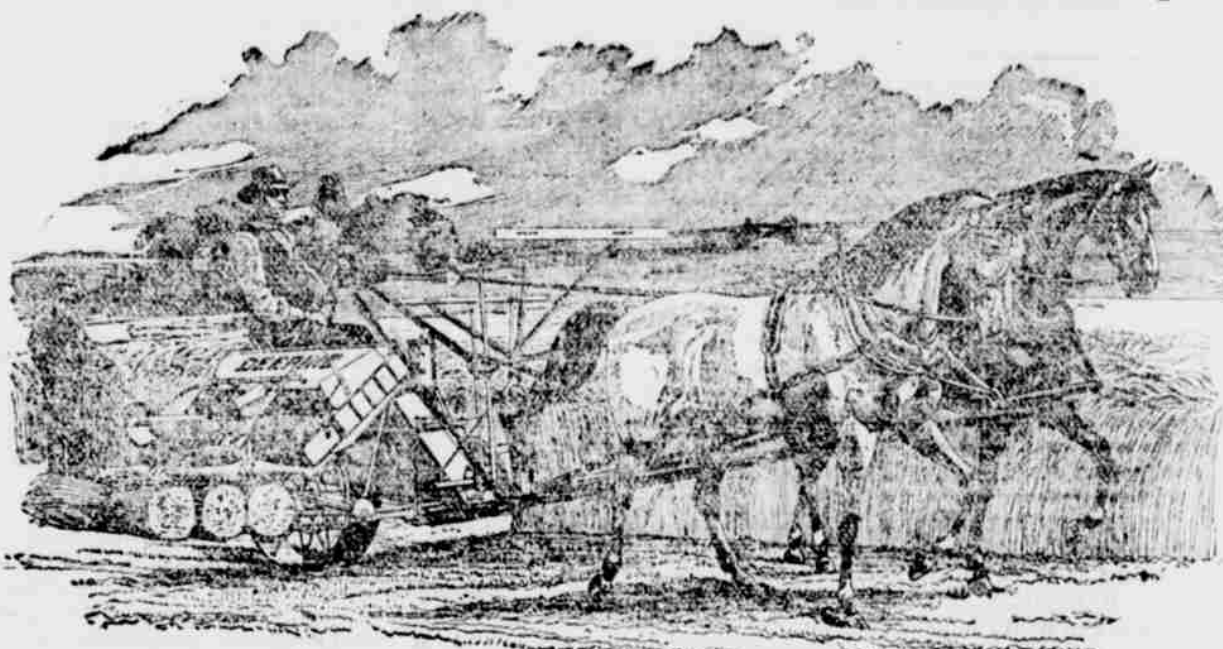
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Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your state, county, or town, sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C. (Opposite U. S. Patent Office.)

NOW WE DO SMILE!



A Binder they sell in our City,
Large profits to "Dealers" may yield,
But in a contest with Deering's Great Wonder
She's not worth a cent in the field.

They said she had beaten the DEERING,
And in "smiles" their pleasure revealed;
But at a Jerseytown farm in contest
We drove them right out of the field.

The grain was just ready for harvest,
The land was not hilly or rough;
But one round of the field they were cutting
Convinced them she'd gotten enough.

So they pulled the poor thing to a corner,
"We smiled" at their lack of sound pluck

As they pushed and they pulled, and they twisted
To get the thing up on its truck.

At last they got ready and started
And, as slowly they lower the bars
We turn from that poor vanquished Binder
And "we smile" as we contemplate ours.

There she is, just as proud as a peacock:
She works like a charm in the wheat,
And all rivals who challenge the "DEERING"
Must sooner or later retreat.

So in buying a Binder for service,
Buy the one that is proven the best
And remember "The Deering Steel Binder"
Has never yet failed in a test.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GRAIN, BARK, SEEDS, ETC.

D. W. KITCHEN,
11 BLOOMSBURG, - - PA.

—THE—

RELIABLE CLOTHING AND HAT HOUSE

Comes to the front with the

LARGEST ASSORTMENT

—AND—

MAKING AND FITTING

OF THE...

Best, the Newest and Most Stylish, Lowest in Price; and to prove Satisfaction is our Endeavor

The best value for Money is to buy your

Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Neckwear, Trunks and Valises of

I. MAIER,

Corner of Main and Centre Streets, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

UNEXCELLED CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

Largest Clothing and Hat House in Columbia and Montour Counties

SALTZER'S.



Don't Want the Earth.
It isn't every body that wants the earth, but when people make up their minds that they want a piano, organ, or sewing machine, they want the best on earth for the least money. The proper thing to do is to buy of a good reliable home dealer who will make things right, if there is any thing wrong. Go and see J. Saltzer, the well known dealer in all kinds of musical instruments and sewing machines. He handles the Steck, Estey and Starr pianos; the Estey, Miller and United States Organs.



The celebrated White and other makes of Sewing Machines. Satisfaction guaranteed by J. Saltzer, Bloomsburg, Pa Main St. below Market

CROWN ACME,

The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil

IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR.

CROWN - ACME

ACME OIL COMPANY
BLOOMSBURG, PA.



A Family Affair
Health for the Baby, Pleasure for the Parents, New Life for the Old Folks.
Hires' Root Beer
THE GREAT TEMPERANCE DRINK
is a family affair—a requisite of the home. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of a delicious, strengthening, effervescent beverage.
Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good."—It is false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.
TELEGRAPHY.
A young man or woman who desires to become a Telegraph Operator, may hear of an unusual opportunity to become a Telegraph Operator. Write to J. W. DUNLAP, 535 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WILL SHINE IN THE NEXT HOUSE.

Colonel H. L. Moore, Nominee of the Democrats in the Second Kansas District. The gentleman who will represent the people of the Second Kansas district in the next house of representatives is Colonel H. L. Moore, a man of rare literary ability and a Democrat of long standing. Colonel Moore was born in Ohio in 1837, enlisted in the Second Kansas Infantry in 1861 and served continuously until the close of the war. After the war he located in Lawrence, Kan., and successfully COLONEL H. L. MOORE, conducted a mercantile business, retiring a few years ago. Colonel Moore is a fluent and forceful speaker, and is noted as being one of the best Shakespearean scholars in the west. He is tall and commanding in appearance, and is very popular in the district, having been elected county treasurer on an independent ticket. The Democracy of the Second district is to be congratulated on securing so able a gentleman as its standard bearer, and his election is a foregone conclusion.

Lightning Won't Strike Him Again.
Mr. Carnegie's fight with the wage earners in his employ will bring sorrow to the heart of the unlearned economist of the White House. He has consoled himself with the thought that what has been done can be done again. But, though "the Lord did it" before, there may be difficulty now that his old allies have been driven from the field by the adoption of election laws which render blocks of five useless in a campaign for protection to American industries.—Chicago Times.

An Excellent Suggestion.
It is said that the president is dissatisfied with Campbell as chairman of the national committee, now that he has found out his antecedents. Why not appoint John W. Wamaker in his place? Wamaker has demonstrated his ability to extort campaign funds from the monopolists, and can probably do it as well as Campbell. Besides, this would take Wamaker out of the cabinet, and that would be something toward making the president popular.—Boston Herald.

Why They Were Not Passed.
The reaching of the end of the fiscal year without the passing of the general appropriation bills is not by any means a novel experience. This year the appropriation bills would long since have been passed save that the Republican senate had added extravagant amendments, with the hope of destroying the Democratic claim to economy, and stubbornly stuck to them. Such are the real facts, and the country knows them.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Republicans Really "Hattled."
That the Republicans are badly scared about Illinois is shown not only by the appointment of the big four attorney as chairman of their national committee, but also by the frantic campaign of slander which they have begun against General Stevenson. They realize fully that Illinois is a doubtful state, and they fear that in spite of their most strenuous efforts it will take its place squarely and finally in the Democratic column.—St. Louis Republic.

"The Same Campbell."
President Harrison's idea, as disclosed by Senator Farwell, is that "the same Campbell" was too bad to be collector at Chicago, but is just bad enough to be a successor to Quay as chairman of the national committee. Mr. Campbell's idea, according to the latest advices from the west, is that he is too good for the job expected of him. Mr. Harrison may be glad after all to fall back on the old crowd.—New York World.

A Pertinent Query.
The availability of Mr. Cleveland at this time is the availability of the Democratic party. Is there any sensible southern man who on reflection will refuse to support the Democratic party when the Republican party is mustering its hooligans and its hummers to turn the south over to negro rule?—Atlanta Constitution.

Many States Are Doubtful.
The president should not give all the cabinet and other appointments to Indiana on the ground that it is a doubtful state. He should remember that the doubtful states are very numerous this year. On this basis Massachusetts, for example, ought to get as many offices as Indiana.—Boston Globe.

There's a String on the \$10,000.
Quay has publicly offered to bet \$10,000 on Harrison. He realizes that it takes a big political bluff to square him with the administration, but if somebody should call him he would be squaring around privately trying to hedge \$20,000 on Cleveland.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Democracy.
Democracy, hope of the nation! And born of the brave and the free! From the farmhouse to mill or plantation The foe of monopoly will be! At thy name the tariff banners tremble, That are bred by high protection's reign, Grover Cleveland and Stevenson forever! Is the cry from Alaska to Maine.
The rights of the people forever! No rule of the favored few! The masses must rule this Republic! No trust bred plutocracy will do! Then let the people assemble! Then down with the tariff barons' reign! Grover Cleveland and Stevenson forever! Is the cry from Alaska to Maine.
No patriots are born of a Force bill! No freedom of bayonet rule! But slaves who hate their oppressors Are bred by monopoly's tool! Then down with the trusts and the Force bill!
Ye men that are free, without stain! Grover Cleveland and Stevenson forever! Is the cry from Alaska to Maine.
—Jersey Democrat in New York World.

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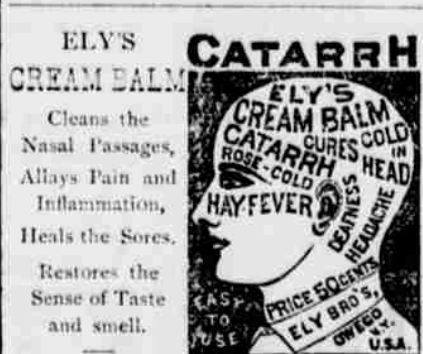
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AFTER MAY 15, 1892.
Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: (Sundays excepted).
For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tammany, etc., 6:10, 11:30 a. m.
For Williamsport, 7:45 a. m., 3:15 p. m.
For Danville and Milton, 7:45 a. m., 3:15, 11:15 p. m.
For Pottsville, 7:55 a. m., 4:25 p. m.
For Catawissa, 8:10, 11:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 6:30 p. m.
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For Catawissa, 8:10, 11:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 6:30 p. m.
For Reading, 8:10, 11:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 6:30 p. m.
For Pottsville, 8:10, 11:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 6:30 p. m.
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For Pottsville, 8:10, 11:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 6:30 p. m.
For Williamsport, 8:10, 11:

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.



FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth \$1200 to \$1500 per year at Willow Grove. Dwellings in East, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 16 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ, a SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

"The Yeddo straw hats" newest and lightest hat made at Lowenberg's.

WANTED, Respectable family having no young children of their own to board a little boy for \$2.00 per week and give attention to his moral training. Address Children's Aid Society, 127 So. 12th St., Philada., Pa.

EQUESTRIAN LIVERY.

Charles E. Hower has opened a livery stable at the rear of his premises on Third street, where he keeps saddle horses to hire. He has five head, well broken, safe for ladies and children. Thus far he has been well patronized. He will accompany those who are just learning to ride, if desired.

Many pleasures in life are due to good health and good looks. Manner's Double Extract Sarsaparilla will bring pleasures as it increases the appetite, relieves all disorders arising from bad blood such as Headache, Constipation, Boils and pimples when driven out of the system brings good looks. Manner's Double Extract Sarsaparilla can be found at all drug stores also at Moyer Bro's.

An elegant line of neck wear at Lowenberg's.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a Pimples Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at C. A. Klein's Drugstore, 50c. per bottle.

Would you rather buy lamp chimneys, one a week the year round, or one that lasts till some accident breaks it?

Common glass may break or not the minute you light your lamp; if not, the first draft may break it; if not, it may break from a mere whim.

Tough glass chimneys, Macbeth's "Pearl-top" or "Pearl-glass," almost never break from heat, not one in a hundred.

Where can you get it? and what does it cost?

Your dealer knows where and how much. It costs more than common glass; and may be, he thinks tough glass isn't good for his business.

Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO. A. MACBETH CO.

Some one has said that a bargain is an article sold under its real value. Some advertisers are not believers in this theory or are as economical of the truth as they are with their bargains.

But "an honest tale speeds best being plainly told." This is our purpose in offering Wall paper bargains. They are bargains because they are as we represent them, full length, full weight, bona-fide goods.

We know one instance of a bargain in wall paper which after it was on the walls lead pencil marks showed through. Whose was the bargain?

Come and see us before buying elsewhere.

W. H. BROOKE & CO.

M.LLVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. McKee of Watson-town were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hogue last Sunday. Mrs. Hogue and Mrs. McKee are sisters.

There was quite a show in town the fore-part of last week, of five dead people said to be Aztecs preserved by desiccation.

Mr. Carey and son of Williamsport spent Sunday in town with Tilman Stadler.

Webster Eves, wife and daughter went to Jamison last Saturday with a party from Orangeville, and returned the first of the week.

C. R. Henrie's house makes a very fine appearance under its coat of paint. W. C. Thomas, of Iola did the work.

Eva Eves is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Little of Picture Rocks spent a few days with their son O. E. Little at this place the fore-part of this week.

Sarah B. Rich has been quite sick for some time with a very severe cold which nearly resulted in Pneumonia. She is now recovering nicely.

There is some talk of a street sprinkler for this town. "Whoop her up" boys, the dust is getting quite thick.

"Dad Baker" gave us quite a lively entertainment last Wednesday night with his show at this place. This is his second visit here. Come again "Dad."

Pastor William Strickland of Rohrsburg preached in the Free Church last Sunday night.

A Hook In His Nose.

Lawyers Faust and Auten, of Mt. Carmel, were off in Columbia county on a fishing expedition last week. Lawyer Faust has a rod worth fifty dollars, of which he was very proud. In making a graceful cast in the stream the line wound around his head and the hook caught in his nose, passing through one nostril. The party had to leave for Jamison City, where a doctor cut the hook out.—Sunbury Democrat.

An Old Lady Dead.

Mrs. Sarah Gould, relict of the late John Gould, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. Bryfogle, on Wednesday morning, aged eighty-five years. She had been in ill health for the past six months. The funeral takes place to day, Friday.

Hendershott Estate Sale.

The several properties of the late Joseph M. Hendershott were sold at the court house by J. S. Williams, auctioneer, last Saturday. They were disposed of as follows.

Lot No. 2.—A frame house of five rooms and about three acres of land to J. E. Wilson. Consideration \$1425.

Tract No. 3.—Frame house of five rooms situate at the corner of Ninth Street and ferry road to Dr. Harter. Consideration \$385.

Tract No. 4.—Lot of ground situate at the corner of Eighth street and the ferry road to J. K. Gortz. Consideration \$650.

Lot No. 8.—Brick house situate on East street near Eighth to Mrs. H. W. Sloan. Consideration \$1600.

Tract No. 7.—Being a tract of land situate in Catawissa township containing seven acres to Lloyd Shuman. Consideration \$100

The sale of the remaining properties was adjourned until December.

Two Harvest Excursions.

VIA THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL R.V. ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 30TH AND SEPTEMBER 27TH, 1892.

Where the grasses are kissed by the wand'ring breeze, And the fields are rich with the golden grain;

Where the schooner ploughs through the prairie seas, To its destined port on the western plain;

Where homes may never be sought in vain, And hope is the thriest plant that grows;

Where man may ever his rights maintain, The land is as free as the wind that blows.

For further particulars apply to the nearest Ticket Agent, or address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, 486 William Street, Williamsport, Pa. 7-8-12t.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Conrad Kremer and John J. Kremer of Jerseytown, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania under the firm name of C. Kremer & Son, was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of June, 1892, by mutual consent.

All debts owing the said partnership are transferred to and are to be received by the said Conrad Kremer, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment. CONRAD KREMER, JOHN J. KREMER.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rosanna Runyon deceased. The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, to distribute the fund in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereby, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, August 19th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. When and where all persons having claims upon said fund must appear and prove their claims, or be barred from any share of said fund. ROBERT BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.

THE HAIR

When not properly cared for, loses its lustre, becomes crisp, harsh, and dry, and falls out freely with every combing. To prevent this, the best and most popular dressing in the market is Ayer's Hair Vigor. It removes dandruff, heals troublesome humors of the scalp, restores faded and gray hair to its original color, and imparts to it a silky texture and a lasting fragrance. By using this preparation, the poorest head of hair soon

Becomes Luxuriant

and beautiful. All who have ever tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, want no other dressing. Galbraith & Starks, Druggists, Sharon Grove, Ky., write: "We believe Ayer's Hair Vigor to be the best preparation of the kind in the market, and sell more of it than of all others. No drug store is complete without a supply of it."

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor with great benefit and know several other persons, between 40 and 50 years of age, who have experienced similar good results from the use of this preparation. It restores gray hair to its original color, promotes a new growth, gives lustre to the hair, and cleanses the scalp of dandruff."—Bernardo Ochoa, Madrid, Spain.

After Using

A number of other preparations without any satisfactory result, I find that Ayer's Hair Vigor is causing my hair to grow."—A. E. Osmont, General Merchant, Indian Head, N. W. T.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only preparation I could ever find to remove dandruff, cure itching humors, and prevent loss of hair. I can confidently recommend it."—J. C. Butler, Spencer, Mass.

"My wife believes that the money spent for Ayer's Hair Vigor was the best investment she ever made. It has given her so much satisfaction."—James A. Adams, St. Augustine, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Estate of Daniel Sult, deceased. By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, there will be exposed to public sale at the late residence in the borough of Berwick, Pa., on Front street, on

SATURDAY JULY 16th, 1892.

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following pieces of land: TRACT NO. 1.—All that certain piece of land situate partly in the borough of Berwick and partly in the township of Salem, Luzerne county, Pa., being parts of lots marked and numbered in the general plan of said borough of Berwick, fifty-six and fifty-nine, beginning in the middle of lot number fifty-six on Canal street; thence by said street seventy-four and one fourth feet to lot number sixty in Luzerne county; thence by the same sixty-six and one-half feet to lot owned by Isadore F. Chamberlain; thence by land of said Chamberlain seventy four and one-fourth feet to the centre of lot number fifty-six; thence by the same sixty-six and one-half feet to the place of beginning, upon which there is growing a choice lot of fruit bearing trees and vines.

TRACT NO. 2.—All that certain piece of land situate partly in borough of Berwick, Columbia county, Pa., and partly in Salem township, Luzerne county, Pa., being one lot and a half to wit: the whole of lot marked and numbered in the general plan of the borough of Berwick, aforesaid numbers fifty-five and the westerly half of lot number fifty-six. Beginning on Front street in said borough at the corner of lot number fifty-two; thence by the same one hundred eighty-one and a half feet to Canal street; thence by the same seventy-four feet three inches the width of a lot and a half to the center of lot number fifty-six within the line of Luzerne county thence through the middle of said lot and running into Columbia county again one hundred, eighty-one and a half feet to Front street along Front street aforesaid thence seventy-four feet three inches to the place of beginning, whereon are erected the following buildings: One double two story frame dwelling house, one story frame dwelling house with cellar kitchen, one two story frame building and out buildings, there is also a choice lot of fruit bearing trees and vines growing upon the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of amount bid for each property upon the striking down thereof, one-half of the balance October 16th, 1892, and the remaining half January 15, 1893, with interest from July 16, 1892. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises. Possession given October 16th 1892, subject to leases.

EVANS, AUCTIONEER. ALONZO J. SULT, Executor.

Berwick, Pa., June 17, 1892.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Houck, deceased. In the Orphan's Court notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Court auditor to distribute the money paid into court under an order of March 30, 1892 in said estate, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg on Wednesday, the 25th of July, A. D. 1892 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment. All persons having claims upon said fund are required to attend and establish their right or be forever barred from coming in upon said fund.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Auditor.

June 30, 1892. 1w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Catharine Whitnights, deceased. In the Orphan's Court notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Court auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of H. H. Gortz, Executor in said estate will attend at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, the 26th day of July, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment. All persons having claims upon said fund are required to attend and establish their right or be forever barred from coming in upon the said fund.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Auditor.

June 30, 1892.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Phillip Miller, deceased. The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County to distribute the money in the hands of John H. Casey, trustee, to creditors and parties entitled thereby, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, August 19th, 1892 at 10 o'clock a. m. when and where all persons having claims upon said fund must appear and present the same, or be barred from any share of said fund.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Auditor.

June 30, 1892.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rosanna Runyon deceased. The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, to distribute the fund in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereby, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, August 19th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. When and where all persons having claims upon said fund must appear and prove their claims, or be barred from any share of said fund. ROBERT BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.

7-15-92.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY

at HOME

FREE

What is



Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KIRKHOPE, Conway, Ark.

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

Elys Cream Balm For CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Rheumatism, Spasmodic, Indigestion and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 25 years in thousands of cases: is the only Reliable and

Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine. If he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1.50. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope 2 stamps. Address: THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Bloomsburg by Moyer Bros., J. H. Mercer, C. A. Klein, G. A. McKelvy and all responsible druggists everywhere.

Dr. Stanley's Triumph.

New energy, new vitality, new life.

The worn-out feeling, defective memory, sluggish brain, the nervousness, the impaired digestion, the impure blood, the back-ache, the dizziness, the despondency and general good-for-nothing feeling that result from worry, excessive mental work with insufficient exercise, irregular habits or over exercise of special functions CAN BE OVERCOME. Dr. Stanley's BRAINOLINE supplies the want. While long special study was devoted to these conditions, the discovery of this great remedy was largely accidental. It is a tonic to both men and women the proper enjoyment and usefulness of life. It can harm no one. It strengthens without stimulating, soothes without depressing. Benefit is quickly realized and hence it is cheap. By mail \$1.50 packages, enough for almost any case. Send or call for circular.

STANLEY MEDICINE CO.,

(Star Drug Store) 62 S. Main St., Wilkes-Barre

Pimples, Boils, Black-Heads.
IN FACT.

We must all have new, rich blood, which is rapidly made by that remarkable preparation, Dr. LINDSEY'S DEFECTIVE BLOOD PURIFIER. For the speedy cure of Scrofula, Wasting, Mercurial Disease, Eruptions, Erysipelas, Vital decay and every indication of Impure blood. Dr. Lindsey's Blood Purifier is the one remedy that can always be relied upon. Druggists will fill.

THE SELLER'S MEDICINE CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.

\$6.55 PRESENT FREE!

Beautiful book containing the latest vocal music full sheet-music plates, handsome cover, including the following gems, unabridged:

Afterwards, 40 Five Worked Eight Hours, 40 Baby's First, 40 Asleep, 40 I Whistle and Wait, 40 Comrades, 40 Love's Golden Dream, 40 God Bless Our Land, 40 104 Organ Flower, 40 Go Pretty Rose, 40 Our Last Waltz, 40 Guard the Flag, 40 over the Moonlit Sea, 40 In Old Madrid, 40 Sweet Katie Coulter, 40 Mary and John, 40 That is Love, 40

We give this book to introduce to you

KROUT'S BAKING POWDER

AND KROUT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Unsurpassed for PURITY and STRENGTH. Your grocer will give you a circular containing additional Premium List with full particulars how to get them free.

ALBERT KROUT, Chemist, Phila.

EAST BENTON.

The Turbotville Lime company, known as the firm of Hughes and McHenry of Cambria, and Low of Orangeville, ship a superior quality of land lime, at low rates, to the farmers within railroad range, equal to the capacity of their present number of lime kilns. Their shipping averages about 1,400 bushels daily. Their lime exceeds in quality the expectation of the general public.

Personal acquaintance with the Cambria portion of the firm justifies the prediction that a large and profitable trade will be built up by them, if energy, perseverance and honesty are taken into consideration.

Last Wednesday afternoon, week ago Byron Crawford a boy about twelve or thirteen years of age broke through the loft, and landed on the barn floor at this place without sustaining injury.

The iron bugs are having a very withering effect on the prospects of a republican presidential crop.

The rains have dispersed and the farmers have utilized a week of fair weather.

Judge Krickbaum took a trip to Oil City on the 4th.

Canned Fruit from Pompeii.

Do you know that we are indebted to the old Pompeians, who lived in the first century Christian era, for our knowledge of how to can fruit? Perhaps not, but it is a fact, nevertheless. Years ago, when excavations were first being made on the site of the old lava-covered city, a party from America found a jar of figs: not only one, but several. Upon opening one of them the contents were found to be as fresh and perfect as when first put into the jar nineteen centuries before! Investigations instituted on the spot proved that the fruit had been put into the jars in a highly heated state, and that an aperture for the escape of steam had been left in the lid, which, when it had served its purpose, was sealed over with wax. Yankee ingenuity caught the idea at once and the next year canning factories were erected all over the United States.

Blotches, pimples, liver patches, G. M. D. right quick dispatches. Drives away incipient tumors; Ailing one, where'er you be, Try the worth of G. M. D.—

which is the great Golden Medical Discovery of Dr. Pierce—a wonderful tonic and blood purifier. The "Discovery" is a standard remedy for consumption, bronchitis, colds and lung troubles; guaranteed to benefit or cure, if taken in time, or money refunded.

A reading room association has been organized at Catawissa. It is a move in the right direction.

No OTHER Sarsaparilla possesses the Combination, Proportion, and Process which make Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar to itself.

William Krickbaum is taking in the editorial excursion to Scranton, Albany and other points this week.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RELIEF FOR HAY FEVER.

Dr. Hoxsies' CERTAIN CROUP CURE

Has a peculiar and direct action on the membranes of nose and throat. Hay Fever, Croup, Diphtheria, coughs and Colds are cured as by no other remedy known. 50 cents.

A. P. HOXSIE, Buffalo, N. Y., Mfg's.

LOWENBERG'S CLOTHING!

SUMMER ANNOUNCEMENT!

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOTS.

LADIES SHOULD SEE THE PRETTY SUITS FOR CHILDREN.

SUMMER SEASON 1892.

THE LATEST COLLARS, NECK TIES, DRESS SHIRTS, NIGHT SHIRTS &c.

DOUBLE BREASTED SACKS AND CUTAWAYS.

THE FINEST LINE OF FALL PANTS IN TOWN.

Call and examine and see for yourselves that LOWENBERG'S is the right place to buy your Clothing.